

## ZION MAN POISONED BY ENEMY

## Police Believe Religious Fanatic Put Poison in Enemy's Food

Murder inspired by religious fanaticism growing out of the Zion City conflict, is the theory forced upon authorities of Lake County as a result of their inquiry into the death of Hiram F. Deukeling, who died from the effects of poison, in his home, one mile south of the "Holy City."

The coroner has discovered that Deukeling was an intense and demonstrative supporter of Voliva, and was frequently involved in many controversies. He denounced Dowie as an impostor and declared he should be made to suffer the severest penalties for the sorrows brought upon his followers.

It is the growing opinion of the Waukegan and Zion City police that some Dowieite, enraged by Deukeling's imprecations and threats, conceived the idea that so bitter an enemy would be better dead, and placed poison in the corn meal.

Two neighbors with whom Deukeling is known to have quarreled will be questioned closely before the inquest at Waukegan, which was suspended is resumed.

Deukeling died at his home in maddening agony, a victim of powerful poison. A Dowieite he was denied medical attention because of his own religious views and that of his relatives and friends.

Fellow religionists prayed while the poison victim died. Then they notified county officials at Waukegan because burial otherwise was impossible.

Mrs. Deukeling and Hazel Deukeling, the 20-year-old daughter who had prepared the cornmeal muffins which caused Deukeling's death, are under close surveillance.

The coroner's physician made a post mortem examination and the coroner submitted the contents of the stomach to experts for a chemical analysis.

The body of a dog and the bodies of several chickens which died as a result of eating the muffins that were thrown into the yard, were taken to Waukegan and analyzed.

Opinion in Waukegan and Zion City is

divided between the theory of murder and that of suicide. While most of the circumstances are said to point strongly to murder, the fact that Deukeling lost \$400 in the Zion City bank suggests suicide.

Some remarkable facts concerning Miss Deukeling which were discovered during the inquest, prompted the coroner to sift the mystery to the bottom.

It was learned that eighteen months ago the young woman while attending the Zion City college, was accused of theft by some of her fellow students. She was questioned by Supt. Bracefield, and, her explanation being unsatisfactory, she was dismissed from the school. A few days later she left for Ohio, where she lived until four weeks ago, when she returned to her home near Zion City.

At the inquest Miss Deukeling said she prepared the meal Thursday because her mother was indisposed. Among other things she made the corn muffins.

After Deukeling's death they informed their neighbors and sent for Overseer John G. Speicher, chief of the health department at Zion, who was a practicing physician until he became a Zionite.

Miss Deukeling did not think it possible she had picked up a bottle containing poison and both she and her mother said they did not know there was any poison in the house. Search is being made for the bottle from which the poison was taken.

While the police continue to sift the theory that some one belonging to the household may have placed the poison in cornmeal, purposely or by mistake, they are now working on a suggestion by Dr. J. C. Foley, coroner's physician, that the cornmeal may have been poisoned by chemical action while it was being prepared as a food.

Acting on this theory the police have taken to Waukegan the soda which was used in the making of the cornmeal muffins, and it will be subjected to a chemical analysis.

## CHICAGO CRIMINALS IN WAUKEGAN.

## Hold-Up Men Make Their Appearance in Waukegan on Monday Night.

The crime wave that has swept Chicago has at least sent a ripple to Waukegan and one of the quarters of the city never before affected, the extreme north side, is suffering.

While J. H. Schooley, who resides on Pennsylvania avenue, was going home at 12:15 Monday night an attempt was made to hold him up and only a quick pair of legs and a nimble mind saved him from a possible beating at the hands of the desperadoes who were after his money.

Schooley was going home toward Pennsylvania avenue after 12. As he neared the bridge over the marshy ground on New York street, four blocks west of Grand avenue, one muffled figure sprang from behind a bush and another from the dark shadows beside the bridge.

"Hands up," they demanded as one shoved a revolver into Schooley's face.

Schooley completely lost his presence of mind, he says.

He did not strike a blow. The one idea that seized hold of him was to run, and to run quickly.

Almost unconsciously he put the idea into execution and made south down New York street, a dark and lonesome thoroughfare that few pass.

There was no pursuit on the part of the alleged robbers, Schooley says.

The man sought refuge with friends on Grand avenue, where he remained until Captain Vogel of the night police came to his aid.

He telephoned the captain from the house at which he was staying and the officer, ever keen after the underworld of crime, at once left for New York street.

He found Schooley in the house and went over the scene of the hold up with him. No traces of the alleged robbers were found, but Schooley pointed out the exact spot and this morning the police examined it by daylight.

## CANADA THISTLE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all property owners, occupants or renters in the town of Antioch, to cut all Canada thistles and noxious weeds growing on their land or upon their highway along and in front of their land, before allowing the same to mature seed, under penalty of the law as prescribed by the statutes of the State of Illinois.

George Brown, Thistle Commissioner, Antioch, Ill., June 19, 1906. 43w4

## Best Excuse.

The best excuse is the one that is never needed.

## HELD ON SENSATIONAL CHARGE.

## Salem Young Man is Arrested for Criminal Assault on 16 Year Old Girl.

Joseph Hartnell, a well-known resident of the town of Salem, occupies a cell in the Kenosha county jail awaiting trial in the Circuit court on a charge of rape. Hartnell was arrested on Tuesday morning by Deputy Sheriff Pease of the town of Salem, and he had a preliminary hearing before Justice Buffin in that town on Tuesday afternoon. When the case was called Hartnell waived examination and was held to the Circuit court under bonds of \$1,000. He made no effort to secure bail but accompanied the deputy sheriff to Kenosha where he was landed in jail.

The charge against Hartnell is one of a most sensational nature. The complaining witness is Rose Kanis, a 16 year-old girl residing in the village of Salem. According to her story Hartnell is guilty of a most flagrant violation of the law. The man was arrested at the gravel pit near the Salem station.

Hartnell has once before been arrested on a similar charge, but when this action was called for trial it was nolleed, the witnesses against him failed to appear. Hartnell has absolutely refused to make any statement in regard to the case, declaring that he will not talk of the matter until he has employed an attorney. His friends seem to be of the opinion that an effort is being made to blackmail him. Hartnell was formerly prominent in Salem, but after his arrest three years ago he disappeared from the town and returned only three days ago. The Kanis child is well known in Salem.

As Hartnell was bound over to the September term of the Circuit court it is not probable that any further action will be taken in the case until that time.

## THE COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE MEETING.

There will be a meeting of the County Central Committee of the Republican party of the County of Lake, State of Illinois, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the 2nd day of July, 1906, at the Circuit Court room in the City of Waukegan, Lake County, Ill., at which meeting the committee will comply with the requirements of the Primary Election Law and issue a call for the county convention of the said Republican party of Lake County, for the ninth day of August, 1906.

Chas. Whitney, Chairman.  
J. S. Morrow, Secretary.  
Dated this 16th day of June, 1906.

## Marriage Fact.

In 12 marriages out of every 100 one of the parties has been married before.

## DRESSED TO KILL.



## COMPROMISES ON INSPECTION

## The President and Committee Come to Terms on Meat Question

Washington, June 19.—The basis of a complete agreement on the meat inspection legislation between President Roosevelt and the house committee on agriculture was arrived at Monday at the White House. Speaker Cannon represented the committee in this instance and subsequently spent some time explaining the situation to the committee in its room at the capitol. The bill was practically completed when the committee adjourned Monday.

It will authorize an annual appropriation of \$3,000,000 to pay the cost of inspection and will contain no provision for the levy of an assessment to make up any deficiency in the amount available for this work, as suggested by Mr. Cowan, representing the Texas cattle growers, and later urged by the president.

## Wipe Out Court Review.

The court review provision will not be contained in the measure. This action meets the suggestion of the president. The words "in the judgment of the secretary of agriculture" will not be inserted, as suggested by the president, and this conclusion now meets Mr. Roosevelt's approval.

There is to be no date on the label of the packing of meat food product. In this the president yields to the committee. The language which gives inspectors the right to the packing plant at all times is amplified by the words, "Whether the same be in operation or not."

The section waiving the civil service law for one year in the selection of inspectors will go out of the provision, also one of the president's recommendations. With these changes made, the president has indicated his entire satisfaction with the measure, which was reported from the committee as a substitute for the Beveridge amendment, and was recommended to the committee that the changes might be made.

## MUST CARRY PASSENGERS.

Railroads Compelled to Furnish Accommodations Along Their Lines.

Railroads organized under the general laws of the state must furnish accommodations and carry passengers over their lines. This mooted question in Illinois has been decisively settled by a decision of the supreme court just announced in the case of Wm. P. Eaton, of Madison county, against the Litchfield & Madison, a coal carrying branch of the Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis. The company has refused to furnish accommodations for them or to carry passengers between Madison and Litchfield, Illinois.

The railroad set up in defense that it was not organized for this purpose and that its business was freight carrying. The court in Madison county decided in favor of Eaton and has issued a writ of mandamus to compel the L. & M. to accommodate the people along its line. The supreme court has affirmed that decision. It holds decisively that the railroad organized under the general law of this state are common carriers and must furnish accommodations for both freight and passengers. The decision will undoubtedly have a serious effect on a number of short roads known as industrial lines which operate between great manufacturing plants and main lines of railroads.

## Literary Coincidence.

A curious resemblance has been found in Cardinal Newman's line, "The night is dark, and I am far from home," with a line in a play printed in 1599. This play is "Two Angry Women of Abington," by Henry Porter, and the original line runs, "The late and dark, and I am far from home."

## The Home Queen.

Woman's ruling passion seems to be a passion for ruling.

## WREAK VENGEANCE ON JEWS

## Bomb-Thrower Calls Down Wrath of Religious Russians

Blatystok, Russia, June 16.—A Jewish anarchist threw a bomb among the Corpus Christi procession which was in progress here Thursday, and killed or wounded many persons.

In consequence the Christians attacked and massacred the Jews and demolished their shops.

Hundreds of persons were killed or wounded.

The bomb was thrown from the balcony of a house in Alexandrov street. A Russian clergyman named Fedoroff was among those killed by the explosion.

Immediately after the explosion Jews began to fire with revolvers from the windows of the house into the crowd. Soldiers surrounded the house and fired two volleys into the windows.

## Attack Jewish Stores.

Meanwhile the enraged Christians attacked the Jewish stores in Alexandrov and Suraz streets, demolishing the fixtures and windows and throwing the goods into the gutters and beating and murdering the Jews.

A crowd of Jews fled to the railroad station, pursued by the mob, which killed many of them.

Three Jews were thrown from second story windows of the railroad station building.

The Jews are fleeing from Blatystok to the neighboring forests and mobs are pursuing them.

Detachments of dragoons have been sent out to protect the Jews.

Jews arriving here on railway trains have been dragged out of the cars and many of them have been murdered. Troops have cleared the railway station.

## Pillage and Murder.

St. Petersburg, June 15.—The latest

## MUD LAKE GETS SCHOOL FOR RICH.

## Eastern Capitalists are Back of the Great Deal—Many Buildings to Go Up.

There have been pending for several weeks negotiations for the beautiful Norton farm at Rockefeller, in central Lake county, and on which is located Mud lake, a 30-acre expanse of water surrounded by high bluffs.

Eastern men are after the property and it is proposed to locate on the banks of the lake a private educational institution of considerable magnitude, one which will cater more particularly to sons of wealthy families.

To commercial studies will be devoted greatest attention, while the moral atmosphere will be in keeping with the refinement that is to prevail. The making of perfect and refined gentlemen out of rich men's sons is the idea.

Those behind the enterprise conduct three such schools in different parts of the United States and have spent a great deal of time investigating desirable locations for one near Chicago.

No expense is to be spared in improving Mud lake, which, despite its name, is a beauty spot in the heart of a grove of splendid oaks and maples, and is spring fed. It is between Rockefeller and Libertyville and north of the connecting highway.

All buildings are to be of rarest architecture, and modern in the conveniences they will contain. Blue-prints of the landscape work contemplated show an arrangement of drives, walks, fountains and parks unexcelled in the west.

It is reported the deal is closed and that the representative of eastern enterprise which backs it has returned to Boston to confer with his principals regarding commencement of building operations.

## MUTUALIZE "THE EQUITABLE"

## Plan Is Carried by Large Vote Despite Protests from Opposing Stockholders.

New York, June 19.—Stockholders of the Equitable Life Assurance company Monday by a vote of 667 to 80, adopted the formal resolutions authorizing the amended charter, which provides for the mutualization of the society. The resolution was presented by Grover Cleveland in behalf of the trustees, who vote the majority of the stock of the society owned by Thomas F. Ryan. Formal protests against the amended charter, charging it to be unconstitutional and illegal, were read on behalf of Franklin B. Lord, C. W. Morse, Alfonso De Navarro and other opposing stockholders.

## Iowa Bank Is Closed.

Clearfield, Ia., June 19.—The Farmers' State bank of Clearfield, was closed Monday by the state bank examiner. The books of the institution are in a bad shape and its actual condition will not be known for some time. A receiver will be appointed. Notes have been found which the alleged makers deny that they signed.

## BACHELORS HAD A BIG TIME.

## Three Hundred Men Attend Annual Event at Third Lake on Sunday.

The annual opening of the Waukegan Bachelor club at Third Lake, Sunday was declared by those who attended the event each year to be the largest and most successful affair of the kind ever arranged.

The attendance numbered about 300 and all day long and even Saturday night, rigs arrived at the grounds bringing young men who had looked forward to the affair. The committee in charge of the affair, Ernest Bidingier, James Hull, Jake Dielmeyer and Neal Shultz, had left nothing undone to have everything the best and their efforts certainly proved successful in every particular.

In the morning was when the crowd arrived. Buses, autos and livery rigs brought the men there and from then on "there was nothing to it."

At noon 229 persons were served at dinner, prepared by Richardsons. The menu included everything that the members needed to satisfy their hunger and they did ample justice to it.

Fulton's orchestra was there and it played during the day, rendering music which caused the members to become enthusiastic and join in singing, etc. The Cubs' quartet was there and they sang selections. The Cubs' star boxers were also on the grounds and they gave some exhibition bouts which proved very interesting. A couple of regular bachelors, becoming enthusiastic over this feature, donned the gloves and had a go themselves. One now has a handsome black eye to remind him of the affair.

The ball game in the afternoon between the regulars and the associates, resulted in a victory for the latter, score something like 9 to 3, accounts of the score varying in the opinion of even the players.

## Find Great Pearl.

Red Wing, Minn., June 19.—William Bates found a pearl in a clam shell which is said to be the largest freshwater pearl in existence. Its worth is estimated at from \$10,000 to \$100,000.

## Killed by Jealous Woman.

Salida, Col., June 19.—Mrs. Carl Bode, wife of a railroad engineer, was shot and killed Monday by Mrs. Harold Hutchinson, wife of a switchman. Jealousy was the cause of the murder.

## Meets Death of Hero.

St. Louis, June 19.—After rescuing four sewer diggers, Charles Gasplott met his death by waiting in a trench filled with sewer gas until the last man had been raised to the surface.

## Wealthy Westerner Dead.

Denver, Col., June 19.—Oscar Stavens, a wealthy mine owner and cattleman of Montana, died here Monday of diabetes, aged 57 years. He was born in Montrose, Pa.

## Offered University Presidency.

Boulder, Col., June 19.—The presidency of Toronto university of Toronto, Canada, has been offered to James H. Baker, president of the University of Colorado.



# One Man's Evil

By EFFIE ROWLAND

CHAPTER X.—(Continued.)  
"I am not going just yet," Stanton said, with a smile. "I was looking for another room in which to sit and wait for Sir Gerald. He won't be long."

"Will you sit in here, sir?" said the valet, opening the door of another room. Stanton nodded his head and passed in. There was a door which led to the room from which he had just come, and when he found himself alone he crept toward it and strained his ears to listen to what was passing within.

Some one was speaking out loudly, yet clearly and firmly. It was Hubert's voice. By dint of great difficulty Stanton caught some of his words:

"I trusted you, I thought you my only friend. When the worst came, you and you alone, stood by me. You know what I said to you. But now—now, Gerald, I know the truth. I know who it was that forged my father's name! I know who it was that robbed Lady Charlotte of her jewels! I have suffered for these two crimes. Now I mean to have justice!"

There came from the inner rooms sounds which told Stanton that Gerald Tenby was answering Hubert, but not in words.

Swift as lightning he pushed open the door, and was in the room. With one strong hand he swept the two men apart. "Fool!" he hissed between his teeth to Gerald.

He had used his strength so well that Hubert Tenby had staggered and fallen to the ground, striking his head sharply as he fell.

Stanton took no notice of the other man, who leaned, panting with passion, against the table. He knelt down by Hubert.

"You have stunned him," he said, in a whisper.

"I wish I had killed him!" came from Gerald Tenby's lips. "You had best take him away from me, Stanton! He is not safe!"

Stanton made no reply to this. He was looking into Hubert's face.

It had a strange, set expression. The hand he lifted from the floor fell nerveless from his grasp.

## CHAPTER XI.

Stanton turned and looked at Gerald Tenby.

"I am not so sure that you have not got your wish," he said. There was a curious sound in his voice. "This seems to me a strange faint."

There was so much force in his voice that he roused Gerald Tenby from that wild frenzy of rage and fear. He drew a deep breath, and then the color came back to his lips, and he was himself again.

"What do you propose?" he asked, in a swift, low voice. "Do you intend that I should hide him here? That seems full of risk. How do we know that he has not some one waiting for him outside? How do we know—"

"Bah!" said Stanton. "When a rat is in a corner he turns and fights! We are in a corner, Tenby, and we must fight with what weapons we have. I tell you that Hubert Tenby must not leave here—at least, until we see our way a little more clearly than we do at present. Get rid of Stephens for half an hour. You have at least a couple of spare rooms here. We must put him into one of these rooms, and, if it is necessary to give an explanation at all to your man, we can easily say that you let Hubert out of the chambers you—well, I don't suppose Stephens ever puts his nose into those unused rooms; but that we must risk also. Come, rouse yourself, man! You don't seem to see how near the dock you stand."

Gerald Tenby trembled as if he had been stunned. He was, in fact, utterly unsteady. His hands were trembling. He felt cold in every limb.

The task of lifting Hubert's unconscious body down the passage and into one of the rooms which Stanton had spoken of was accomplished without any great difficulty, for Hubert's misery the last two years had told on his physique. Where he had once been a fine, young athlete, he was now spare, almost wasted.

The room into which he was carried was practically unfurnished; at least, it was all in disorder. The blinds were closed, and the furniture pushed together and covered with dust sheets.

They drew out a couch and laid their burden on it. So still and white was this same burden that a new fear gripped Gerald Tenby's heart.

"What if he should be really dead?" he whispered. But Stanton shook his head. "He is not dead," he said. "You had best leave this to me, Tenby. As I tell you, he will not come to his senses yet awhile. I shall install myself here to be near him when he does. We shall have to get rid of Stephens at once."

Having been well prompted by Stanton, Sir Gerald adopted a hard tone to his servant.

"What do you mean," he said, "by letting anybody and everybody push their way in here? I thought I was never going to get rid of that fellow. You must be careful, Stephens."

The valet looked sullen. "He said he had a right to come in, sir, and it seemed to me from his manner that he spoke the truth."

"That is enough," said Sir Gerald, quietly. "You can put your things together and leave my services immediately. No, I will listen to no words. You go, and go at once, within the hour."

The servant attempted to make a further protest; but Gerald's manner immediately suppressed this.

"You will give me a character?" said Stephens. "I have served you well. I don't deserve to be turned off like this, at a moment's notice."

"I allow no one to be insolent to me. If you can find others who will put up with your impertinence you will be lucky."

"It's ruin to turn me away like this, sir," said Stephens, and there was a break

in his voice, but Sir Gerald made no answer, and, seeing that his case was hopeless, Stephens picked up his portmanteau and passed out of the chambers.

Antonia went out early. She was too restless to remain in the house. That short interview with Lady Betty had left her with a pleasant sensation. It was the first time she had really felt that it would be possible for her to have a grain of sympathy for her uncle's wife.

Hubert had given her a full description of Ben Coop, and as she saw a burly man, wearing a sun-burned look, and having an air of travel upon him, approach her uncle's house, her instinct at once told her that this man was Hubert's one friend. She spoke to him almost before she was aware of it.

"You are Ben Coop?" she said. "You have come to find me?"

Ben looked down into her beautiful eyes, and his heart went out instantly to this girl whose love for Hubert was written so eloquently in every line of her expressive face.

"As, miss," he said, "I am Ben Coop. Mr. Hubert sent me to you with this letter. I was just wondering whether to ring the bell at that big door, when I saw you coming, and I knew the first time, miss, that you were the one I wanted."

"Come back with me to the park," she said; "we can talk more freely under the trees, and, oh! I have so much to say, so much to ask. It was good of Hubert to send you to me."

"He would have come himself," said Ben; "but you know what keeps him back."

Ben was walking shyly beside Antonia. It seemed to him that Hubert's declaration that she was more an angel than a human being had actual truth in it.

Out in the park Antonia led him to her favorite tree, and there they sat and talked, heedless of time, and the happiness of the girl's heart was deepened and made certain, now that she assured herself that Hubert would not fight alone.

"It ought to be so easy," she said to Ben, when they had discussed everything; "and yet we must be prepared for difficulties. Gerald Tenby will not give up what he holds without a great struggle."

"Mr. Hubert will win, miss," Ben said, stoutly; "but now I'm thinking I must leave you. Mayhap the lady will be back at the hotel waiting for me."

As he was crossing the road Lady Betty's very smart carriage rolled swiftly by. Antonia did not notice it; but Lady Betty leaned forward and looked keenly at Antonia and at the girl's strange companion.

To Lady Betty, of course, Ben had a rough and common air. A frown contracted the pretty, babyish face.

"That must be Hubert Tenby's friend," Betty Marchmont said to herself. "She has met him already. He looks as if he could fight. Gerald must see me. I shall go to his rooms this afternoon. He will have got my telegram early this morning, and will in all probability have left by the first train he could catch; that will bring him to his chambers about five. At any rate, I will risk it. If I go quickly on foot no one will recognize me, and he will thank me when he sees me, for there is not a moment to be lost."

But the best plans are apt to go awry sometimes, and Lady Betty's plans received an unexpected check when she reached her house, for her husband was waiting for her return.

"I have just had this telegram from Marchmont, my dear," he said. "He is in town, and is coming here this afternoon. I thought I had better tell you, as he will expect to see you."

Lady Betty's face had a pinched look. "Lord Marchmont does not come to see me," she said. "He comes because Antonia is here. I cannot possibly be at home."

Then Edward Marchmont demonstrated for the first time in his married life the fact that he had a will of his own.

"Whether my brother comes to see his daughter or not, I expect you to be here to receive him," he said, coldly, and with that he went away.

Lady Betty stood and watched him go. A strange kind of chill crept into her veins, and yet she seemed to be in a fever. She mounted the stairs slowly.

It was a strange thing that her husband should have chosen this moment out of all their married life to let her feel that the freedom he had allowed her was not real—a strange coincidence, and one designed to carry a very dark meaning to the man Lady Betty had married.

## CHAPTER XII.

Antonia received the news of her father's approaching visit with a sensation of surprise.

"I don't know anything about your father," Lady Betty complained, "but I believe your uncle is not so considerate. He has practically commanded me to be here when Lord Marchmont arrives. Oh! you look astonished, but I can assure you it is a fact."

"I expect," said Antonia softly, eager to make things right, "that Uncle Edward is thoroughly upset by the news that my father is coming to London. By this time you must know as well as we do that it is a very unusual proceeding on his part."

"I know one thing," she said, irritably, "and that is that you Marchmonts are a very queer lot. One never knows what to expect from any one of you."

After that she and Lady Betty separated—the girl to go to her own room, to sit down once again, and to tell over to herself the wonderful story that had happened, and Lady Betty to go also to her room to make her plans for the afternoon.

"I must see Gerald," she said, between her teeth. "It makes me sick to see that look on Antonia's face. She is so confident. Gerald must act quickly. If I go now I dare say he will not have arrived; but I am sure he will come. My telegram must bring him. If he has not come,

then I shall have to return later on, although my dear husband has commanded me to be here. I must go out now, at any rate." Lady Betty mused on, restlessly: "I feel I shall go mad if I stay in this house. Even though I may not find Gerald, I will go to his rooms. If I meet Edward, I shall snap my fingers at him. He has dared to speak to me to-night as no one has ever dared to speak to me before; but he shall be punished for it. I shall wait and find my opportunity."

The carriage had scarcely left the door and Mr. Marchmont came out of his study.

"Can you tell me where her ladyship is?" he asked of the butler, and the servant answered that Lady Elizabeth had just gone out.

There was a curious look on Edward Marchmont's thoughtful face as he turned and entered his study.

His wife called him dull, stupid; she treated him as she would have treated a doorman, quite forgetting that there had been days when this man of books and culture had laid his very heart at her feet.

The words he had spoken to her to-day had been a revelation to her; but she would have been far more surprised could she have looked into the man's heart now, and realized the trouble that had gathered there. For, blind, and dull, and unworldly as he was, Edward Marchmont was still a man, to whom honor would always be dear; a man to whom pride and dignity had their fullest meaning; and to this man there had come all at once a great awakening.

Two days before an anonymous letter had found its way to Edward Marchmont's table. He had opened it and read it before he realized the purport of such a missive. His first impulse had been to tear it into a thousand pieces, and this he did, but the sting still remained.

Till now he had never doubted his wife. He had regarded her as a butterfly—a beautiful, useless, and, he was obliged to add, heartless little creature who played about his life just as a butterfly hovers about a flower.

He had never supposed that she cared for him; but he never supposed that it would be possible for her to care for any other; but this poisonous letter had opened his eyes.

Ignorant of what was passing in her husband's mind, Lady Betty Marchmont ordered her carriage to set her down at one of the largest shops in the West End.

It was a shop through which she could pass, leaving her servants at a door separate from her departure at another. And she sped swiftly through this shop, and passed out at the other side, when she immediately halted a hansom and was driven to Gerald Tenby's chambers.

Just as she reached Gerald's door it was opened and a man passed out. He looked both confused and annoyed to see Lady Betty standing there, and she in her turn was confused and annoyed to be found there.

She instantly recognized him as the man who had interrupted her interview with Gerald at Mill Cross Court.

"I have brought a message from my husband to Sir Gerald," she said, as coldly as she could.

George Stanton answered her without any hesitation.

"Can I be the bearer of your message, Lady Betty?" he asked. "I expect Sir Gerald to arrive this evening, although I fancy he will not come here, but will probably go to a hotel."

"Not till this evening!" Lady Betty repeated. "Dear me! This is very annoying. I hate this man," she said to herself, "and he's got such a funny look about him. He looks so white, and his eyes shine so brightly. What can have induced Gerald to have taken him for a secretary? There is something about this man I don't understand."

Immediately she was in the street she started walking swiftly away from him, which was exactly what George Stanton wanted. He asked for nothing better. The moment he was by himself his smile went, and a hunted, worried look spread over his face.

"What brought her here?" he said, between his teeth, "and at such a moment, too! Had she remained she might have heard more. I must be quick. I don't trust Gerald. He's a coward at heart, even though there is so much at stake."

He halted a hansom, gave an address hurriedly to the driver, and rattled out of the street, passing Lady Betty's elegant, black-robed figure as he went.

## A Case of Inertia.

Tim Wooden was literally "too lazy to live," as the anecdote of him told in an old "History of Milwaukee" goes to prove. It may be that the doctors of to-day would pronounce him a victim of the insidious germ which works to uncontrollable languor, but the diagnosis of the good old times of Tim's career reads simply, "plumb laziness."

A party of Indians, knowing Tim's peculiarities, once captured him for fun, and made him believe that they were going to burn him at the stake. They took him to some distance from the village, tied him to a tree and heaped wood about him. Just as the pile was ready to light, the chief approached, and whispered in Tim's ear that if he would never tell who had captured him he would release him and let him return to Milwaukee.

"What walk twenty miles!" exclaimed Tim. "If you'll lend me a horse I'll agree to it."

One time, when Tim was lumbering, a loose log made a perilous descent down the side of the hill. The shouts of the other men warned him that the danger was coming his way, but rather than expend vital force in jumping, he let the log strike him and break his leg.

Black hair is stronger than golden tresses and will sustain almost double the weight. Recently a scientist found, by experiment, that it is possible to suspend a weight of four ounces by a single hair, provided the hair be black.

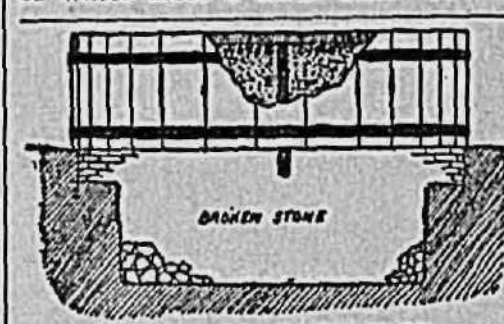
Blonde hair will give way at weights varying according to the tint. A yellow hair will scarce support two ounces, a brown will hold up three without breaking, while one of a very dark brown will sustain an additional half ounce.

A thing that some one doesn't find fault with is seldom worth having.



Prevents Mud Around Tank.

To prevent a mud hole forming around a watering tank a structure like this can be built. A hole or pit is dug the size of the tank to a depth of six feet and is filled with broken stone. The tank is then mounted on whatever kind of foundation desirable which can be made of brick or stone. The overflow pipe is placed in the center of the tank instead of at the sides which is usually the manner of attaching it. When the wind blows the water instead of slopping out of the sides and making a mud hole runs over the top of the waste pipe in the center of the tank and runs down to seep away in the broken rock and porous sub-soil. The accompanying illustration will indicate how it is constructed and the manner of disposing of the overflow of water from a stock tank. It will be better to have the water line a few inches lower than the top edge of the tank so as to preclude the possibility of any water escaping and making a mud hole.



PLAN FOR THE WATER TANK.

Crops Following Cow Peas.

One ought not to get the idea that a worn out piece of ground can be planted to cow peas one year and be sown to seed so as to raise a paying crop the following year. Cow peas renovate the soil and supply nitrogen, but they can not and do not entirely rebuild it in a short period. If one has a worn out strip of soil, he must expect to spend some time and energy on it to get it in proper condition. A plan somewhat after the following would work well: Sow five pecks of cow peas per acre broadcast and with them four or five hundred pounds of some good fertilizer, using a fertilizer more heavily endowed with potash and phosphoric acid than with nitrogen, although it should contain some nitrogen. About the middle of the summer plow the cow peas under, lime the soil heavily, five hundred pounds or more to the acre, harrow in and sow to a mixture of crimson clover and rape. This, plowed under the following spring, would give one a soil fairly good for some cultivated crop upon which a liberal quantity of fertilizer should be used.—Exchange.

Marker for Corn and Beans.

The runners of this marker for corn, beans, etc., are of ash, with pieces of oak 1x4 nailed on top. The crosspieces are of spruce, 1x6. Can mark rows 2½, 3, 3½ or 4 feet, with guide pole to swing either way. What makes this marker all the more valuable and really a short cut, are the cultivator teeth to the rear of each runner. These teeth are set one inch below the iron shoe

of the runner and bolted fast to the 1x4 oak; they make a good, soft seed bed.

Care of Old Orchards.

The man who starts out with a young and vigorous orchard is quite likely to give it reasonable good care, for he believes that, in time, it will bring him good returns. On the other hand, the man with an old orchard, that is an adult orchard, so to speak, generally believes that its days of usefulness are over and gives it little or no care and, as a result, it amounts to but little. Experienced orchardists who have gone into the matter extensively think that the orchard which is not too old is well worth caring for and many of them have made them pay handsomely by the simple process of cultivation of the soil, pruning and spraying the trees.

To Kill Canada Thistles.

It may be a trifle early to discuss Canada thistles, but, if you are liable to forget, clip this out and put it where you can get it readily, and apply the remedy when the season comes:

Put half a bushel of salt in a barrel, and hot water enough to dissolve the salt; stir till dissolved. Add water

enough to nearly fill the barrel and dissolve in it one quart can of concentrated lye. Let it cool, then sprinkle freely on the thistle patch. It is claimed they will wilt and die. This ought to be effective if anything will.

Theory Not to Be Scorned.

It is safe to say that in no other profession, for farming is a profession if properly carried on, are there so few practitioners who understand the fundamental principles of their work as among farmers.

We call in a physician, and feel that if he can not tell us pretty nearly what the trouble is with the patient that he does not understand his business. We give a case to a lawyer, and if he makes a mess of it we feel, and rightly, that he is not up in his profession. We of the farm have a poor crop under normal weather conditions, and guess at the cause.

If we plow and sow we hope the soil will bring a certain return. If it does not, how many of us can tell why? The truth of the matter is, we plow and sow without much regard to why we do it, and with even less regard of what our soil needs are and whether we have supplied them.

If every soil worker in the country could take a course of one year in practical soil chemistry, there would be such a change in farming operations and results as would startle the world. We read and see many agricultural successes, and in each and every case we would find, if we investigated, that the owner of the farm was well acquainted with it—as well acquainted with the case as the successful lawyer is who wins a case before the bar. Why not begin to study the farm? It surely will pay.—Indianapolis News.

Ashes Good for Fruit Trees.

I think very favorably of hard wood ashes for orchard use as a dressing for the soil, says a well-known orchard owner. It appears that we get results from their use altogether out of proportion to the amount of phosphoric acid and potash they contain, and that this must be credited to the effects of the lime they contain upon the soil contents. The chemist tells us that the lime, potash, etc., contained in wood ashes are in the best possible form for plant use. I would want more phosphoric acid than the ashes contain, and would prefer to add it in the shape of steamed bone rather than acid phosphate. I have used large quantities of acid phosphate in the past, and still favor its use, but not in combination with either wood ashes or common lime.

Trap for English Sparrows.

In many localities the English sparrow has become a great nuisance. To

poison them is dangerous. To make an effective trap, buy wire screening and make a box cage. Cover the top with thin boards; make a large round hole in center, inserting a wire funnel just small enough for the bird to pass through at lower end. Bait well. The bird lighting on the cage and seeing bait through the funnel will readily pass in.

Heavy Draft Animals.

At a recent Missouri Association meeting, Prof. Kennedy spoke as follows about the heavy draft horse: "The heavy draft horse weighs from 1,600 to 2,000 pounds, and is worth, at a minimum, \$200. Each of the first two additions of a hundred pounds above 1,600 increases the value of the horse \$25, after which every addition in weight means \$50 a hundred pounds. So a draft horse of 2,000 pounds is worth \$500. Light draft horses, weighing from 1,300 to 1,600 pounds, are used for express wagons, fire engines and other heavy but quick work. These bring about \$125 to \$200. The lightest carriage or coach horse is worth from \$200 to \$2,000. The roadster or gentleman's driving horse, and the gaited saddle horse vary from \$200 to \$300 respectively up to \$1,000. In the last ten years there has been an advance of 25 per cent in the draft horses of Iowa and Missouri.

Horse-Raising in Germany.

Germany ate 90,834 horses in 1905, which was 15,522 more than in 1904. Also 407 more dogs were eaten, not counting the careful statistician adds, those dogs which were slaughtered privately for table uses.

There always has been, and there always will be, a good demand for first-class butter. The man who makes good butter, not necessarily butter that the groceryman calls good, but butter that the most critical trade pronounces good, will always bring remunerative prices. There is no reason why the farmer should not be able to make as good butter as any modern creamery, in fact, there are many reasons why he can make better butter. It all depends upon the individual and the facilities he has for turning out a good product.

## PATTERNS FOR THE HOME DRESSMAKER

One of the New Blouses.



PATTERN NO. 1341.

Among a number of exquisite imported blouses just received by a New York importer, is this novel and striking design. Made of white albatross, with yoke and cuffs of German Val lace and trimming-band of pale pink silk embroidered in white, it is remarkably effective. Below the trimming band which outlines the deep V of the yoke and extends down the center front and back is a row of fine tucks that are released to form the requisite fullness for the lower part of the blouse. The design would be equally charming for a lingerie waist, making the yoke and cuffs of fine all-over embroidery. For such a waist short sleeves would be pretty and this can be readily arranged by omitting the deep cuffs. For the medium size, the waist will require 3½ yards of material 27 inches wide, with 1½ yards of all-over lace and 1½ yards of silk. Pattern No. 1341 is cut in sizes from 32 to 40 inches bust measure.

The above pattern will be mailed to your address on receipt of 10 cents. Send all orders to the Pattern Department of this paper. Be sure to give both the number and size of pattern wanted, and write very plainly. For convenience, write your order on the following coupon:

Order Coupon.  
No. 1341.  
SIZE .....  
NAME .....  
ADDRESS .....

Suit for Small Girl.



PATTERN NO. 1203.

Here is a design that is at once simple and stylish. A wide box plait extends from each shoulder to the bottom of the skirt, in back and front, and a stitched belt of the goods is fastened in front with one large button. Stitched tucks shape in the sleeves at the wrists—one of the season's latest fancies. In the model from which our sketch is taken, a heavy, deep red linen is used, but for the fall season light serges, cashmeres and flannels will be excellent for these little unlined frocks. So little is needed for them that remnants can often be utilized to good advantage. For a girl 10 years old 4½ yards of material 32 inches wide will be required. The pattern, No. 1203, is cut in sizes for girls from 4 to 12 years of age.

The above pattern will be mailed to your address on receipt of 10 cents. Send all orders to the Pattern Department of this paper. Be sure to give both the number and size of pattern wanted, and write very plainly. For convenience, write your order on the following coupon:

Order Coupon.  
No. 1203.  
SIZE .....  
NAME .....  
ADDRESS .....

Items of Interest.

Tea was cultivated in China before the Christian era.

Cultivate the ground you have before you try to acquire more.

Only one couple in over 11,000 live to celebrate their diamond wedding.

A French jeweler, Bordenet, has invented tools for engraving the surface of diamonds.

More inventions are being made in electrical appliances than in all other industries combined.







# THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

## A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY  
A. B. JOHNSON, - Publisher  
By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, in Advance.

### EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Bryan boom has escaped one handicap so far. It has not had any endorsement from Princeton.

That frost which affected the peach crop is thought to have gotten in its work on several early presidential booms also.

Mr. Bryan is now in a position to assert that there is no truth in the report that the Democratic party will nominate Mr. Roosevelt in 1908.

Mr. Richard Canfield in an interview on the art of being a successful gambler gives the sage advice of letting the other fellow do the gambling.

Gen. Mile's declaration that the packing houses were rotten seven years ago may have been alright. Only he didn't then have the documents to prove it.

If Senator Smoot had known that women were going to be the cause of his downfall in the end, he might as well have been a polygamist all along and had a few of them to sympathize with him anyhow.

The Department of Agriculture has now found out what sort of butter spoils the soonest. They ought to have time to investigate the passage egg before the next theatrical season opens.

All the railroad officials who had harrowing confessions to make seem to have gone to Philadelphia to make them, probably in the belief that nothing was bad enough to shock Philadelphia.

The lady who is always writing about European royalty says that the sovereigns are all ambidextrous. This evidently is a precaution to enable them to ward off bouquets with either hand.

Secretary Shaw ought to get that Pennsylvania railroad young man to come to Washington and show the improvident government clerk how to save \$75,000 a year on a salary of \$120 a month.

The political situation can now be said to be under headway after laying dormant since April 28, and the various candidates have donned their war-paint and are going through the country strengthening a fence here and there that has been weakened. The candidacy of L. J. Swayer, for county clerk, has gained so much ground since April 28 that it is impossible to head off the stampede that is manifesting itself every day and his friends are predicting an easy victory.

Politicians in Washington are mildly amused over the sudden launching of the Bryan-Hearst boom for 1908. Just what the Republican party will do when that date comes round is still a little uncertain. But it looks as tho' the philanthropic fates had fixed up the Democratic party far ahead of time and had done the job in good shape. Ex-Senator "Jeems" K. Jones when he called at the White House last week raised his voice in clarion tones—he makes a specialty of clarion tones—for Bryan. The Hearst end of the boom had not developed at that writing. But the former chairman of the Democratic committee issued a general and generous invitation to all of the correspondents present to come and see Bryan inaugurated. Just at that juncture either the party had overlooked Hearst or they were a little embarrassed to know what to do with a worthy and aspiring young man with a roll big enough to choke a culvert. However, the thing is now settled. With Hearst as the tail to the Bryan kite, it looks as though the party were about as well outfitted as it could wish. Anyone who wants to vote ought to get suited with that combination. If they like sound money or free silver, they can take their choice. Mr. Bryan has nibbled at the one and bolted the other. If they want trades unionism, socialism, municipal ownership, trust busting and philanthropy in all its branches, it will be hard if they cannot find a precedent in the history of one of the other of these two versatile gentlemen. Decidedly Bryan and Hearst for 1908, ought to be a rallying cry that would sound afar. Only 1908 is a long way off and a lot of things may happen between now and then.

Breeches Left Out of Count.  
A man accompanied by his wife visited a merchant tailor to order a suit of clothes. The couple differed as to the material and the manner of making and the wife lost her temper. "Oh, well," she said, turning away, "please yourself; I suppose you are the one who will wear the clothes." "Well," observed the husband, meekly; "I didn't suppose you'd want to wear the coat and waistcoat."

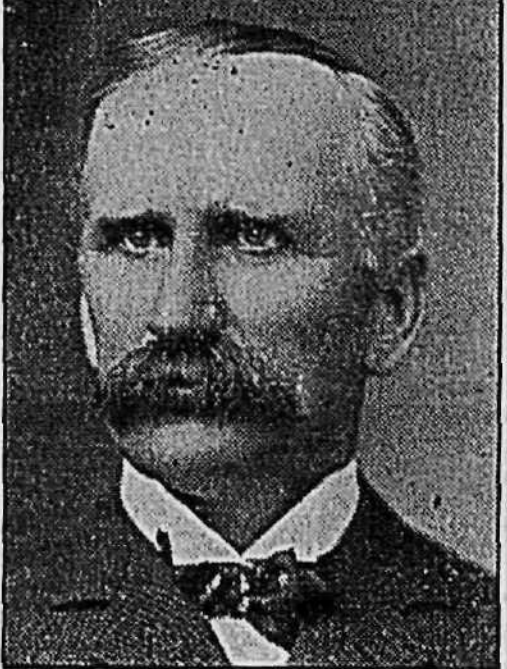
Thousands annually bear witness to the efficiency of Early Risers. These pleasant, reliable little pills have long borne a reputation second to none as a laxative and cathartic. They are as staple as bread in millions of homes. Pleasant but effective. Will promptly relieve constipation without griping. Sold by J. H. Swan.



**J. L. SWAYER,**  
Republican Candidate For  
**COUNTY CLERK.**  
Subject to the action of the Primaries  
to be held AUGUST 4, 1906.

**GEORGE B. STEPHENS.**  
George Stephens, candidate for the republican nomination for treasurer, subject to the will of the coming republican primaries, which will be held later, is a native born Illinoisian. He was born at Homer, Will county, November 15, 1848, and since 1853 has always lived in Lake county.

Mr. Stephens served several terms as president of the Millburn Mutual Fire



Insurance Co., which was organized in 1855 and which is a strong local insurance concern.

He received his education in Lake county schools and since 1871 has been engaged in farming in Newport township. He has always been prominent in republican politics and served three terms on the board of supervisors, being elected chairman of that organization twice, serving as well as chairman of the Lake county board of review.

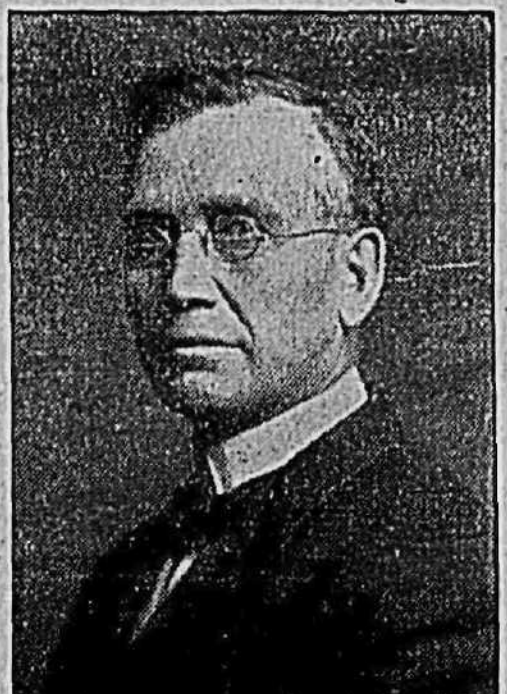
Your support will be appreciated at the primaries August 4.

### ANNOUNCEMENT.

To the Republican Voters of Lake County.

After supporting and contributing to the success of the Republican party, for the past thirty years and never having held a County office, I feel I can consistently ask the Republican voters for their support of County Judge.

Fifteen years of active practice at the Lake county bar, leads me to believe that the duties of the office of County Judge



require the entire time of the Court; and if elected to that position, I will devote my whole time to the office and the best interests of the people of Lake county.

Your support will be most thankfully received at the primaries August 4.

EDWARD J. HEYDECKER.

### In the Army.

"Soldiers must be fearfully dishonest," says Mrs. Countryside, "as it seems to be a nightly occurrence for a sentry to be relieved of his watch."—Stray Stories.

**Ayer's Pills**

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use

## REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

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Lake County Title and Trust Co.  
Abstracts of Title. Titles Guaranteed.  
MARION TEMPLE BUILDING,  
WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS.  
LOUIS J. GURNEK, Secretary.

W. P. Yeoman and wife to Edward Yeoman, lot 1, blk 2, Yeoman's add., Waukegan, w. d. 82200 00  
1st Baptist Church, Waukegan, to Helen M. Yeoman, part s 1/4, e 4 acres, lot 33, sec 16, Waukegan, w. d. 125 00

Chicago Title & Trust Co. to P. B. Mann, lot 18, blk 10, Chicago Highlands, deed. 310 00

F. D. Battershall and wife to B. J. Loftus, 6 lots in Battershall's sub., Grayslake, deed. 1 00

F. E. Battershall and wife to J. M. Palmer, 3 lots in Battershall's sub., Grayslake, deed. 1 00

Nellie D. Cordingly to Catherine M. Forester, lot in n e 1/4, sec 32 East Antioch twp, w. d. 1 00

F. P. Crandon and wife to Magnus Johnson, lot 7, block 15, Washburn Springs, w. d. 400 00

J. B. Moderwell to City of Waukegan, west 25 ft Moderwell's sub., w. d. 1 00

E. C. Pomeroy and wife to City of Waukegan, lot mkl "Reserve" on north line of Lansing's sub., Waukegan, Q. C. 1 00

Elizabeth Grant to A. C. Frost, lots 161, 164 and lot 169, Ravinia, w. d. 6500 00

A. E. Ziehme and wife to A. J. Pruitt & C. W. Moore, tract of land 436x500 feet at Winthrop Harbor, deed. 10000 00

J. C. Ender and wife to T. E. Joyce, 40 acres in n w 1/4, sec 29, Deerfield twp, w. d. 4250 00

E. M. Loomis and wife to Oliver Hook, lot 23, blk 10, Grayslake, w. d. 50 00

John Garrity and wife to Maggie Johnson, lot 2, in Evans' sub., Highwood, q. c. 1 00

John Austin and wife to Chas. E. Austin, lot 29 (except w 400 ft), County Clerk's sub., Libertyville, w. d. 5 00

C. E. Austin to Mary J. Austin, same as above, w. d. 5 00

C. S. Richards and wife to Victor Boon, part n e 1/4, sec 36, West Antioch twp, w. d. 1500 00

E. M. Fawcett and wife to J. N. Fawcett, lot 4, block 3, Thompson's add. to Waukegan, w. d. 1 00

H. T. Birch and wife to H. W. Weaver, part lot "A" Birch's sub., Highland Park, w. d. 6272 40

W. P. Yeoman and wife to Helen A. Scoville, lots 25 and 26, blk 1, Yeoman & Douglas sub. in Waukegan, w. d. 800 00

Chicago Title & Trust Co. to W. O. Jackson, lot 8, blk 15, Chicago Highlands, deed. 310 00

American Steel & Wire Co. to C. E. Saylor, lot 10, blk 3, Waukegan Highlands, w. d. 333 33

C. E. Saylor and wife to John Merlak and wife, lot 10, blk 3, Waukegan Highlands, w. d. 400 00

C. H. Colton and wife to Ada D. Adams, lots 2, 3 and 4, blk 70, North Chicago, q. c. 1 00

P. A. Robinson and wife to Jos. Turner, lots 1 and 2 and land adjoining Robinson's sub. in Grayslake, w. d. 1 00

H. J. Devlin and wife et al to M. McCan, lot 1, Devlin's sub. and n lot adjoining in sec 14, Grant twp, q. c. 1 00

W. H. Murphy to Emil and Amelia Deren, lots 27 and 28, blk 42, Washburn Park, deed. 175 00

Mineral Point Zinc Co., to J. R. Kahn, tract of land at North Chicago, w. d. 15000 00

G. S. Brown to Michael Opitz, lot 64, Washington Park, Waukegan, w. d. 207 00

Josie C. Rogers and husband to Edward Lain, lot 9, blk 2, in Rogers' add., Waukegan, w. d. 750 00

### Following the Flag.

When our soldiers went to Cuba and the Philippines, health was the most important consideration. Willis T. Morgan, retired Commissary Sergeant U. S. A., of Rural Route 1, Concord, N. H., says: "I was two years in Cuba and two years in the Philippines, and being subject to colds, I took Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption which kept me in perfect health. And now, in New Hampshire, we find it the best medicine in the world for coughs, colds, bronchial troubles and all lung diseases. Guaranteed at J. H. Swan. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

**Wealthy Peer.**  
One of the wealthiest peers in England is Earl Fitzwilliam, who is the possessor of about 115,000 acres of land in England and Ireland. Under the recent land-purchase measure, however, he has disposed of some of his Wicklow property. Twenty years ago the Fitzwilliam estates were put at about \$2,000 acres in Ireland, worth \$250,000 per annum, and about 24,000 acres in England, worth about \$440,000 a year.

**Buckingham's Dye**

FIFTY CTS. OF DRUGGISTS OR R. F. HALL & CO., BIRMINGHAM, E. E.

There is no need worrying along in discomfort because of a disordered digestion. Get a bottle of Kodol For Dyspepsia, and see what it will do for you. Kodol not only digests what you eat and gives that tired stomach a needed rest, but is a corrector of the greatest efficiency. Kodol relieves indigestion, dyspepsia, palpitation of the heart, flatulence and sour stomach. Kodol will make your stomach young and healthy again. You will worry just in the proportion that your stomach worries you. Worry means the loss of ability to do your best. Worry is to be avoided at all times. Kodol will take the worry out of our stomach. Sold by J. H. Swan.

**Canadian Governor's Prize.**  
The governor general of Canada, to show his interest in and encourage figure skating, has offered a handsome trophy to be competed for next season. The commission for the trophy has been given to a Canadian sculptor, Philippe Herbert, who has lately returned from Paris.

### Was Wasting Away.

The following letter from Robert R. Watts of Salem, Mo., is instructive. "I have been troubled with kidney disease for the last five years. I lost flesh and never felt well and doctored with leading physicians and tried all remedies suggested without relief. Finally I tried Foley's Kidney Cure and less than two bottles completely cured me and I am now sound and well." Sold by J. H. Swan.

### Found Historic Stone.

A laborer in New Jersey in excavating for a monument in a cemetery dug up a meteor fragment weighing 25 pounds. It seemed to be composed of fused minerals, glass, stone and steel. It also contained a mixture of various colored stones intermingled through the otherwise gray mass.

The sincerest tribute that can be paid to superiority is imitation. The many imitations of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve that are now before the public prove it is the best. Ask for DeWitt's. Good for burns, scalds, chafed skin, eczema, tetter, cuts, bruises, boils and piles. Highly recommended and reliable. Sold by J. H. Swan.

**Pictures of Pelee.**  
Prof. Angelo Hellprin, author of "Tower of Pelee," "Mont Pelee" and editor of "Lippincott's New Gazetteer," is just completing a series of paintings in oil to illustrate the features and phenomena of the eruption of Mont Pelee, which are to be exhibited publicly.

## FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

**WILL CURE**

**any case of KIDNEY or BLADDER DISEASE that is not beyond the reach of medicine.**

**No medicine can do more.**

**WAS GIVEN UP TO DIE.**

B. Spiegel, 1204 N. Virginia St., Evansville, Ind., writes: "For over five years I was troubled with kidney and bladder affections which caused me much pain and worry. I lost flesh and was all run down, and a year ago had to abandon work entirely. I had three of the best physicians who did me no good and I was practically given up to die. Foley's Kidney Cure was recommended and the first bottle gave me great relief, and after taking the second bottle I was entirely cured."

**TWO SIZES, 50c AND \$1.00.**

**SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY JAMES H. SWAN**

Keeps You Cool  
Refreshed and Cheerful  
In Hot Weather

**Klein's**  
**Pure German Birch Beer**

Cools, cheers and relieves in hot weather. A thirst quencher of appetizing flavor that promotes health. Made of pure birch bark in the good old-fashioned way.  
Klein's Ginger Ale and Sodas are known for their quality and purity. Sold everywhere.  
F. G. KLEIN CO., Burlington, Wis.

WE HAVE NOW IN A FULL LINE OF  
LADIES AND CHILDRENS  
**OXFORDS AND SANDALS**

Ladies White Canvas Oxford, plain toe Blucher, canvas heel.....\$1.50  
Ladies White Canvas Oxford with tip and leather heel.....\$1.25  
Ladies Vici Kid Oxford, military heel, from.....\$1.00 to \$3.00  
Ladies one, two, and three strap Sandals,....\$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75  
Misses Patent Leather Oxford, low heel.....\$1.25  
Misses Kid Oxford, low heel.....\$1.00  
Childs Patent Leather 3-strap Sandals from.....80c to \$1.25  
You will always find bargains of all kinds on our bargain table.

**JOHN ENGMAN, ANTIOCH**

## The Central South

The abode of Soft Winds, Persistent Sunshine and Gentle Rains; the land of Beauty, Happiness, Flowers, Contentment and Health.

The Territory served by the Louisville & Nashville Railroad, stretching from the Ohio River to the Gulf.

Throughout this wide area fertile land is yet to be had at—from a Northern standpoint—VERY LOW PRICES. From some of this land an average of \$16.95, net, was made last year on Strawberries. From Cantaloupes \$250.00. Peaches, Apples, Grapes, return handsomely. Cattle need but little winter feed. Write me for Facts and Figures.

G. A. Park, Gen. Immigration and Industrial Ag't.  
**Louisville & Nashville R. R.**  
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

**THIS IS IT!**  
USE  
**A-B**  
STOVE POLISH

QUICK!—EASY!  
OUTLASTS ALL OTHERS!  
SOLD EVERYWHERE!  
**AYLING BROS.**  
14 MADISON AVE., CHICAGO

**F. S. MORRELL, DENTIST.**  
Lake Villa, Ill.

**T. N. DONNELLY & Co.**  
Loan and Diamond Brokers  
118 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.,  
Between Washington and Madison.  
DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY at less than cost. At half the price you pay the regular stores. Dec 19 07

**P-A-I-N-T-S**  
OF ALL KINDS  
OILS PUTTY  
**Wall Paper**  
PAINT BRUSHES  
CALCIMINE  
Swan's Drug Store, Antioch, Ill.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW.  
TELEPHONE 1303.  
218 Washington St. WAUKEGAN, ILL.



## LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

ELGIN, ILL., June 10—Butter firm at 20c. Output of the week, 856,000.

Go to A. N. Tiffany for fish stories this week.

Miss Ada Lux spent Monday in Chicago.

T. A. Emmons is spending the week in Chicago.

Joseph Turner was transacting business in Waukegan Friday.

Fred Ames and a friend from Waukegan were out over Sunday.

Chase Webb was transacting business in Chicago on Monday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. John Herman on Sunday June 17, a baby boy.

Mrs. Edwin Wilton and daughter Addie are visiting with friends at Elgin.

Grayslake is going to celebrate the 4th. Antioch will celebrate—NOTHING.

W. A. Taylor, of Waukegan, was calling on Antioch relatives and friends Sunday.

Mrs. John Hancock, of Grand Rapids, Wis., is visiting relatives and friends here this week.

Mrs. Emma Kerr, of Longmont, Col., is visiting this week with her sister, Mrs. J. J. McDougall, at this place.

Three candidates were initiated into the mysteries of Woodcraft at the meeting of the Woodmen on Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Kirk Craine of Solon Mills spent Saturday at this place, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Fillweber.

George Huber is painting six signs 6 by 15 for F. H. Schenning's Silver Lake summer resort, who will place them at convenient places along the railroad.

The Estimators Club of Chicago, consisting of ninety members, will come by special train on Saturday, June 23, to the Queen of the West for an outing.

The fine sunny weather which finally arrived on Saturday last, brought upwards of two hundred people out from the city, to enjoy an outing around our lakes.

On Friday of last week occurred the death of the eldest child of Orrin Olcott. The funeral was held on Monday and the remains were interred in the Hillside cemetery.

Antioch M. E. Church.—Preaching next Sabbath morning at 10:30, subject "Starving Out the Devil." Evening 7:30, subject "A Reward for Every Man." F. R. McNair, Pastor.

The Woman's Home Missionary Society will meet at the home of Mrs. John Colgrove on Wednesday afternoon, June 27. Members are requested to try and be present. Mrs. Welch, Sec'y.

Fishing at the numerous lakes in this vicinity was never better than at the present time. Dave Cushing reports that one day last week seventy-five pickerel were caught by the guests at his hotel.

While returning home from town Saturday afternoon Judd Van Duzer had the misfortune to have one of his team of horses suddenly taken sick. James Thom, of Millburn, administered "Medicaments."

James Haddigan, who left here about twenty-three years ago, and who has been a mining expert in many of the famous mines of the west, is now visiting relatives and friends in Antioch and vicinity.

At the M. E. parsonage, June 17, occurred the marriage of Miss Celia Rogers, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Rollo Rogers, and Geo. Olcott, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. M. D. Olcott, both of Antioch. The happy couple have the best wishes of the news and a host of friends for a long and happy life.

On Wednesday evening of last week, about thirty of the members of the Eastern Star at this place attended a meeting of that order at Grayslake. The evening was very pleasantly spent and it goes without saying that the Grayslake people know how to entertain their guests in a splendid manner, and no time or labor is ever spared to make their entertainments a success.

A few days ago, there was a beautiful Montello granite monument erected in our cemetery for the late Mrs. Jerome Burnett. The work was furnished by F. Baird of Waukegan, who also erected one on the Robert H. Clark lot at Lake Villa, made from the same material. He also erected one at Wilmot, Wis., for the Faulkner family, which is considered the finest piece of work in that cemetery. People are coming to realize, when in putting up a monument, it pays to have it made out of the most enduring granite, and the Montello granite is considered so by every first class dealer in monuments. Even the United States Government engineers who when the Government of United States, was about to purchase the Granite Sarcophagus to bury the remains of the late U. S. Grant in the vault erected in New York City, called for samples from all the granite quarries in United States and Europe, and after putting them all to the most exacting tests, declared the Montello granite to be the hardest and finest granite and most enduring of any tested and awarded the contract of the Grant tomb to be made of this material, and there was over one hundred samples of other granite in competition at the time.

Beginning on Saturday, June 23 the Chicago & Milwaukee Electric railroad will make a round trip rate from Rockefeller to Ravinia Park 60 cents, which will include admission to Damrosch concerts. Tickets will be on sale at the Rockefeller station every day from June 23, until the close of the orchestra concerts.

The Libertyville Trotting Association meeting on July 4 to 7 promises to be the best in the history of the track. Horses from every state in the Union will compete for \$7,800 in purses and the program will be first-class. The price of admission will be 50c for adults and 25c for children. A good place to spend the Fourth.

### LOCAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Go to the lumber yard for screen doors. Try my new Sanmarto coffee. Chase Webb.

New and second hand buggies for sale or trade. L. B. Grice. 201f

Anything in the hat line at Chase Webb's.

A good line of summer shirts at Chase Webb's.

I am prepared to do sewing at my home. Lora M. Billett. 43w2

Anything in the clothing line can be found at Chase Webb's.

Clothing of all kinds, ready made or made to order, at Chase Webb's.

R. W. Spafford, piano tuner, salesman for pianos and organs. Satisfaction guaranteed, Antioch, Ill. 40w4

Write to Alden, Bidinger & Co., Waukegan, Ill., for prices and terms on new and used pianos and organs. 61f

The Antioch photo studio will now be open every day, sixteen photos for the price of one dozen until July 1. Lux sisters, proprietors.

The trotting station Electropinos will stand at the barn of L. J. Slocum, Rosecrans, Ill., from Thursday noon till Friday noon of each week, at \$15 to insure a live colt. 40w1

For sale—A second hand sail boat, one double sloop and one double work harness. Call on Fred Witt, on the old Smith farm at Sand Lake, or address, Lake Villa, Ill. 43w2

Buy your coal this month at the lowest price, on the basis of \$7.60 at the yard, or \$7.85 delivered to be settled for on or before July 1, 1906, as coal advances 10 cents per ton each month.

### ANNOUNCEMENT.

We wish to inform the public that Prof. Stein and his orchestra will furnish music for our dance every Saturday night. The public are invited to attend. Love & De Sanctis.

As I am about to close out my business I am now selling my stock of millinery goods and also any fancy articles that I have on hand, at half price. Everything must be sold. Take advantage of this sale if you wish to secure bargains. Mrs. Nina Seymour, Antioch, Ill.

Deadly Serpent Bites. are as common in India as are stomach and liver disorders with us. For the latter however there is a sure remedy: Electric Bitters; the great restorative medicine of which S. A. Brown, of Bennettville, S. C., says: "They restored my wife to perfect health, after years of suffering with dyspepsia and a chronically torpid liver." Electric Bitters cure chills and fever, malaria, biliousness, lame back, kidney troubles and bladder disorders. Sold on guarantee by J. H. Swan, Price 50c.

Setting Her Right. Tess—Did he actually kiss you? Jess—Yes. "Gracious!" "The ideal! He was not. I think it was I who was gracious to let him."—Philadelphia Press.

Brave Wife. "Weren't you frightened when your revolver missed fire?" "No; my wife kept the burglar off with a hat pin while I reloaded."—Stray Stories.

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## CREAMERY INSPECTOR MAKES REPORT

Among the creameries in Lake County, the Antioch Creamery ranks first as far as cleanliness and sanitary conditions are observed. Everything there is kept scrupulously clean. Vats and machinery are well cleaned and rinsed off with either steam or hot water. The separator, gearing part of the churn and engine is kept clean, and the much condemnable habit of letting grease and oil accumulate on and around the base of engine and separators, as found in some creameries, is not practiced here. Besides it may be mentioned to the praise of the buttermaker, that even the skimmed milk vat is cleaned every day so the patrons, who desire, can take back clean and sweet skimmed milk. An extra vat is on hand where the surplus milk and buttermilk is transferred, and the patrons who receive this ought to bring an extra set of old cans to take it in.

The milk is received in good condition and consequently a good grade of butter is produced. This can be testified by the excellent returns Mr. Fillweber has received for the butter. Looking over the scores received for the past two years. I found but two points of difference between highest and lowest score and an average of 94, a good object lesson for many a good brother buttermaker. This indicates three things: that the man knows how to make good butter; that a yearly uniform article is produced; and that the buttermaker in general is tending his own business. The overrun, the day I was there, was practically 12 per cent. This is not a high overrun but is considered a fair overrun where whole milk is received. This, of course, will vary from day to day as will the test of the buttermilk and skimmed milk each respective testing, 2 per cent testing and a trace. Though the samples were not in as good a condition as they might have been, yet there was but one sample from which could not be made a good clear test. The patrons certainly have a right to complain if the testing is not done accurately or if the instructions that follow the Babcock test are not observed; but I am glad to state that the method used at the Antioch Creamery, as shown and described by Mr. Fillweber, is in every respect complying with the instructions given by Dr. Babcock, the inventor and best authority on the subject.

Preservative is being used for the composite samples. It is not as recommendable as some of the other kinds of preservatives on the market because it takes too large a quantity to preserve a sample properly and it has a tendency to form a lather formation on the top of the milk, making it difficult to take a fair sample.

Whenever there is a variation in the test from time to time it is, as a rule, the buttermaker that is blamed for the variations by the patrons. Undoubtedly there are some operators of the Babcock test, who abuse the use of the test, and under such circumstances each and every patron should complain until the man is compelled to use the test according to directions. Before the patrons of Antioch accuse Mr. Fillweber, they should stop to investigate, watch while the test is being done, and if they can call his attention to any mistakes made, I am sure he will be only too glad to correct them and be thankful for calling his attention to it. If your test varies seemingly unreasonable, from time to time below a point of suspicion—then don't the very next day take a sample and have your neighboring creameryman test it and then compare this single day's test to the past two week's test. Better speak to the buttermaker about it first and if possible have another test made from the composite sample. If that cannot be done, then get a little preservative from your buttermaker and make a composite sample of three or four days' milk, or still better, have the man at the weigh stand take one. Let your buttermaker test it and then your neighboring creameryman or take your buttermaker along so he can see how the testing is done. This is especially advisable in places where competition is strong. To avoid trouble and scrambles among buttermakers in case of misunderstanding, the Dairy Department at the state University, Urbana, Ill., will always be glad to test, free of charge, any sample sent there and send back report. But when you send samples, they request fair samples.

Quite often when there is a considerable variation in the test of the composite sample of the milk for a period of fifteen days as compared with the previous test, the patron will ask the buttermaker the cause and expects him to know. Most people know different things influence the flow of milk, but only too few realize the same influences will cause variations in tests, and it certainly is unreasonable to expect the buttermaker to account for it, providing the testing is done accurately, because he, as a rule, has all he can do and no time to spend investigating what really is the cause; it is a good thing if he can tell them what may cause variations in testing, but the patron surely is the one to find out and know, as he is the one that cares for the cows and has a chance to observe what possibly causes the variations. Only too few farmers stop to realize that they themselves are the very cause of the variations, by not providing properly for their cows, by exposing them to rough weather, not at regular times and by exciting and using rough treatment towards the cows. Sudden changes in feed will also have an influence upon the fat in the milk, but none can tell ahead in what respect it will affect it. Where the farmer lets the calves suck the cows partially, there is always sure to be a variation in the tests, because the last milk is a good deal richer than the first and no matter whether the

calf gets its food first or last in either case the test will go either up or down.

Several other things will influence the test, but this is enough to illustrate that the buttermaker is not always to blame for the up and downs of the tests, and I fully believe if the farmer would go to the trouble of testing and keeping records, he would be astonished and find the buttermaker the least cause of the variations.

A number of people dispute the correctness of the Babcock test cannot be made alike from the sample. It is true that in making several tests from the same sample of milk, it is sometimes difficult to have them all come without a difference of from .1 to .2 per cent. This difference is due to the difference in the graduated part of the bottles and in the way the fat columns show up. Any careful operator of the Babcock test should always be able to get two tests come within a difference of .2 per cent. At Antioch a duplicate test was made from five samples. Four of the duplicate tests came out exactly alike, while there was a difference of .1 between the two tests of the fifth sample. By calibrating the bottles, the one reading low was found to be nearly .2 per cent too large, causing the difference. Though it may be seen from the above that the patron at all times will not be getting exactly what is coming to him, yet at present the Babcock test surely is the most accurate way of distributing the money among the patrons. For even if a man should be paid by a test read .1 to .2 per cent lower than he really entitled to, it surely is more fair than paying the man whose test is 4 per cent the same price per hundred as the man whose test 3.2. In the first instance, he would be paid for 2 pounds of butter fat less per thousand lbs. of milk than he is entitled to, while in the last case the one bringing 4 per cent of milk would be paid for four pounds less per thousand pounds of milk and the other for four pounds more. Besides if the accurate glassware is used and the testing is done accurately, it is very seldom everybody will not get within 1 per cent of what is coming to them, and the ones who, for some reason, or another, cannot stop skimming or use the pump, to give a big flow, will be treated more just than when paid by the hundred.

Considerably more could be said regarding the above topics, but since this is not intended for an agricultural article, I have touched several topics rather briefly, yet I hope that some few may receive some benefit from it. In conclusion, I will state that the Department will always be glad to furnish the Antioch Creamery or any other creamery with a speaker, free of charge, at annual meetings or any other meeting that can be arranged between the management and patron upon request to the Dairy Department, University of Illinois.

F. A. Jorgenson, Creamery Instructor, Dairy Dept., University of Illinois.

# WILLIAMS BROTHERS

## ANTIOCH DEPARTMENT STORE

## Everything Ready For Spring.

Come this week and see the new Spring Dress Goods just opened.

Come this week and see the new Spring Silks.

Come this week and see the Butterick and Designer Spring Styles and Patterns.

Your Attention is called to a very attractive line of

LAWNS, DIMITIES, MOHAIRS, CASHMERES, BRILLIANTINES, FANCY PRINTS, GINGHAMS, PERCALES, LACES, EMBROIDERY, WIDE EMBROIDERY FOR CORSET COVERS.

NEW LINE OF CORSETS, MUSLIN AND RIBBED UNDERWEAR.

LADIES FANCY NECKWEAR, HANDKERCHIEFS, POCKET BOOKS, BELTS, AUTO AND DRIVING GLOVES. THE "BLACK CAT" STOCKINGS IN LARGE SUPPLY, THE BEST FOR ALL PURPOSES.

Lace Curtains and Draperies.

Ready made Sheets and Pillow Slips.

### For spring sale

D. M. Ferry & Co's. Garden Seeds in bulk or package. Lees' Poultry Goods, fill the basket and make healthy chicks. Blatchford's Stock Food and Calf Meal makes slick stock. These goods are proving satisfactory and meeting with a constantly increasing demand.

### GENT'S FURNISHINGS.

We offer a large line of well selected, up-to-date goods, embracing

Ties, Collars, Gloves, Underwear, Hosiery, Hats and Caps.

### SELZ SHOES AND RUBBERS.

Selz Shoes and Rubbers always give satisfaction in fit, wear and style. We are still selling Shoes and Rubbers at the old prices, though manufacturers have all advanced their prices.

### GROCERIES.

Did you find our 25c Coffee to equal any you ever had at 30c? Did you try 1 1/2-pound can of Corn at 10c? You can buy a case of 24 cans for \$2.00. Did you know that we will save you 40c on an investment of \$2.00, that is 20 per cent? Did you try 1 can of Early June Peas at 10c? You can buy a case of 24 cans for \$2.30. Did you know you cannot do better than buy now all you want this summer? Did you know that if you buy the Monarch Canned Vegetable, Fruits, Preserves and Fish you are sure of buying the best at about the same prices as regular standard goods? Did you try the Monarch Salad Oil, Pure Olive Oil, Chile Sauce and Catsup? Did you try a big bottle Pickles, Sweet Mixed, Sweet Gherkins, Sour Gherkins and Chow Chow at 15c? Did you try our unequalled Fancy Full Cream Cheese? Did you buy 6 cans of Keystone Plug Tobacco for 25c? Did you buy 1,500 Matches for 10c, or 6,000 Matches for 35c? Did you know that these are only a FEW of the MANY BARGAINS you can find at this store?

### HARDWARE.

We are agents for American Field Fencing, have a large stock, prices are now low. Also Field Fencing for poultry. Regular Poultry Netting 1 to 6 feet high. Agents for the National Wire Co.'s Woven Wire Cloth. Now is the time to get ready for Screen Doors, Window Screens, etc. Diamond brand Farm Field and Garden Tools. Paints, Oils, Brushes, Glass, Calcimine, Varnishes, etc.

## The M. W. A. WILL CELEBRATE AT Grays Lake 4 JULY 4

AN OLD-FASHIONED CELEBRATION

JUDGE NEELEY, OF EVANSTON, SPEAKER OF THE DAY.

BRASS BANDS AND DRUM CORPS. GRAND COMICAL STREET PARADE. ALL KINDS OF AMUSEMENTS. SPORTS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. DANCING AFTERNOON AND NIGHT. GRAND DISPLAY OF FIREWORKS AT NIGHT.

\* WE WILL HAVE A BIG TIME \* YOU ARE WELCOME TO ENJOY IT

## Chicago & Milwaukee Electric Railroad

TRAINS FROM ROCKEFELLER

TO CHICAGO and MILWAUKEE EVERY 40 MINUTES.

FARES:

ROCKEFELLER TO CHICAGO	55c	ROUND TRIP	95c
ROCKEFELLER TO KENOSHA	55c	ROUND TRIP	90c
ROCKEFELLER TO RACINE	70c	ROUND TRIP	115c
ROCKEFELLER TO MILWAUKEE	1.05	ROUND TRIP	1.75

CONNECTIONS For Chicago, with Evanston Electric lines at Evanston. For Racine and Milwaukee with M. R. & K. Ry. at Kenosha.

Express carried between Rockefeller and all other points between Evanston and Kenosha.

G. W. MERRILIES, Traffic Manager, 108 La Salle St., Chicago. W. O. KILMAN, Gen. Pass. Agent, Highwood, Illinois.

ADVERTISE IN THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

## The Song of the Hair

There are four verses. Verse 1. Ayer's Hair Vigor stops falling hair. Verse 2. Ayer's Hair Vigor makes the hair grow. Verse 3. Ayer's Hair Vigor cures dandruff. Verse 4. Ayer's Hair Vigor makes the scalp healthy, and keeps it so. It is a regular hair-food; this is the real secret of its wonderful success.

The best kind of a testimonial—Sold for over sixty years.

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of SASSAPARILLA, PILLS, CHERRY PECTORAL.



## THE WORLD OVER

LATEST NEWS FROM EVERY LAND.

### WEEK'S NEWS RECORD

"Please serve food at my place at the table for six months so as not to forget me," wrote Herman J. Jensen, foreman in a car shop, before committing suicide by hanging in his home in St. Louis. Jensen ended his life because he could not live at peace with his family.

By the terms of his will William Crosby of Bangor, Me., leaves to his widow, Mrs. Hannah Addie Crosby, the greater portion of his \$25,000 estate on condition that she remain single for the remainder of her life. If she marries again the estate, except \$1,000, will revert to Crosby's relatives.

Hundreds of helpless sightseers saw an unknown man swept over the Horseshoe falls at Niagara. He was first seen struggling in a boat against the current above the Three Sisters. Then his boat was capsized in the White Horse rapids. A few seconds later he was carried over the edge of the cataract.

John M. Pattison, Governor of Ohio, died at 4:20 o'clock Monday afternoon. The same evening, at his home in Eaton, the oath of office as acting Governor was administered to Andrew L. Harris, Lieutenant Governor. This changes the State from Democratic to Republican, Gov. Pattison being the only Democratic State official elected last fall.

The movement to save Mrs. Ames Myers from the gallows is growing in force. She has been sentenced to be executed at Liberty, Mo., June 29 for the murder of her husband, Clarence Myers, on the same date that Frank Hottel, her companion in the crime, is to be hanged at Kansas City. No effort is made to prevent the hanging of Hottel, although many letters are being sent to Gov. Folk urging him to commute Mrs. Myers' sentence to life imprisonment.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the four principal baseball leagues:

NATIONAL LEAGUE.					
W.			L.		
Chicago	39	18	St. Louis	23	34
Pittsburg	34	17	Cincinnati	23	36
New York	36	19	Brooklyn	21	34
Phil'delphia	29	28	Boston	18	37

AMERICAN LEAGUE.					
W.			L.		
Cleveland	..30	19	St. Louis	...28	20
New York	..32	21	Chicago	....26	25
Phil'delphia	31	21	Washington	19	34
Detroit	....27	23	Boston	.....15	39

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.					
W. L.			W. L.		
Toledo	....33	23	Kansas City	28	27
Milwaukee	31	23	Minneapolis	28	29
Columbus	..34	26	Indianapolis	21	35
Louisville	..30	26	St. Paul	....19	35

WESTERN LEAGUE.					
	W.	L.		W.	L.
Des Moines	26	15	Sioux City	21	22
Denver	27	20	Lincoln	18	27
Omaha	23	21	Pueblo	17	27

### NEWS NUGGETS.

The New York plate glass war is at an end and the former rates will be restored July 1.

In Winona, Minn., fire gutted the Conrad fur factory, causing a loss of from \$10,000 to \$15,000.

H. O. Houghton of the publishing firm of Houghton, Mifflin & Co. died suddenly at Cambridge, Mass.

The Travelers' Protective Association will meet at Norfolk, Va., during the Jamestown exposition.

The next biennial convention of the Knights and Ladies of Security, in 1908, will be held in Philadelphia.

The National Slavonic Society of America has selected Chicago as the headquarters for the supreme court.

Six members of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railway fire department at Topeka were severely burned by the explosion of a steel tank of oil in the freight yards.

Charles Nugent, the millionaire St. Louis dry goods merchant, entertained at dinner in his own home 250 workmen, who have just completed his new residence.

Records of rifle, pistol and carbine firing of the United States army for 1905 show Abraham Hill, a sergeant in the Twenty-fourth infantry, to be the best shot in the army.

President Roosevelt has commuted the sentence of First Lieut. Lanier Cravens of the artillery corps, who was sentenced to dismissal by court martial for duplication of pay accounts.

The International Harvester Company and International Harvester Company of America admitted their guilt, under the Arkansas law, of restraining competition and agreed to pay fines of \$10,000 each.

A head-end collision between a Baltimore and Ohio fast freight and General Superintendent Lore's special at Whiskey Run, Ohio, fatally injured both engineers, destroyed both engines and most of the cars.

James P. Haughey, inmate of a hospital for the insane at Matteawan, N. Y., who seeks release, says he saw two keepers kick an insane patient to death. Inmates, he says, are punished by the injection of drugs.

"Jack the Slasher" has appeared in Wooster, Ohio, and is cutting garments by the wholesale. Recently a local firm discovered a number of coats cut across the back. Later another store found twenty fine overcoats slashed.

On the baseball ground at Grassy Lock, Ky., John Karlich, aged 19, during a dispute struck E. B. Puckett, the same age, with a baseball bat, crushing his skull and causing almost instant death. Puckett's elder brother rushed upon Karlich with another bat and inflicted injuries which may cause death.

Charges of wholesale graft in government powder contracts are made against the Du Pont combine, of which Senator Du Pont is the head, by Robert S. Wadell, a powder manufacturer of Peoria, in a circular sent to all members of Congress.

## ROPE.

Attention

For the lamp of Europe leads believe Germany the only great country that is, at present, without a thorn in its side. Russia is notoriously at odds with itself and the world in general. The duma is bringing up all sorts of impossible things for discussion. It continues to anger the Czar beyond all words. It has shown no respect for persons or traditions. It is a new toy and its members are getting, obviously, all the fun they can from their new power. There are serious moments in the duma, and the agitations of the members have made the cold shivers run down the back of the Czar more than once the past week. The affairs of Russia seem now as far from settlement as they did before the duma was convened.

King Alfonso thinks he may be assassinated at any time. For a young ruler he has had exceptionally good practice as a target for bomb-throwing anarchists. As he lives to tell the tales of unsuccessful attempts upon his life, he takes pride in announcing to the world that he is bound to die at the hands of an assassin. His country, at present, is a hotbed of anarchy. Although there have been great doings at Madrid carrying out the wedding program of festivities, many of the men and women who have joined in the celebrations have been notorious anarchists. They have enjoyed the lively times, and at the same time they are hatching plots of diabolical character. Spain is commercially rapidly on the decline. This is felt more by the common people than by the rich grandees, who squeeze great incomes from their tenants. The conditions are fast approaching the conditions in Ireland at the time of the famine. The fact that the people can get little work and little money in Spain is bringing the country into a state of revolution.

England has a few troubles at home. The education bill, which aims to do away with schools in which religion is taught, is causing great discussion in England at present. The continued discussion of that bill may break up great political parties within the next five months. Abroad, England has its troubles. In Africa the war against the natives of Natal is giving the English army in South Africa all it can do. Every day there are serious encounters with organized bands of fully armed natives, and many fatalities have been reported. Chief Bambatha has trained his followers in the English manner and he puts up a strong front to the British cavalry.

Austria is still having trouble with Hungary. There are plots galore in the land of Joseph. The aged ruler hears about them with composure and counteracts them successfully. The Greeks and the Roumanians are having little fights continually. The terrible Turk, now said to be a hopeless drunkard, is having Armenians killed to order daily in order to gratify his thirst for blood. Italy has serious emigration problems to face. France is head over heels in a religious war, which bids fair to break out in violence again before many months are over.

### LETTER WAIFS NUMBER 24,000.

Prisco Advertised List Heavy—California Revenue Grows.

San Francisco postal officials report that 24,000 letters have been placed on the advertised list last week, being the maximum amount since the conflagration. It is expected that by next week this total will have fallen to not more than 18,000. The normal number of advertised letters is between 3,000 and 4,000.

Within the last four weeks there were returned from the carriers to the general delivery section about 200,000 letters, the greater portion of which had return requests on the envelopes and were sent back to the writers. The remainder, after having been advertised for thirty days, will be sent to the dead letter office in Washington.

Internal revenue statistics show California's industries prosperous notwithstanding the recent earthquake. Between June 1 and 15 the receipts were \$182,100, as against \$171,036 for the corresponding period of 1905, being this year a gain of \$11,064. This increase is at the rate of 6 per cent.



—St. Louis Chronicle.

A New Heart Control Theory. In his address before the association of pension examining surgeons at Boston Monday, Dr. P. W. Palfrey expressed his belief that the heart is controlled by muscles and not by the nerves. In proving this he showed that in the embryo, before any muscles existed, the heart action is sustained by muscles and that after the paralysis of all the motive nerves rhythmic action of the heart remains.

Yamada Naokuma, a noted Japanese philosopher, committed suicide by jumping into the crater of Aso volcano.

## THE NATIONAL PIKE.

CONGRESS ASKED TO RESTORE FAMOUS HIGHWAY.

Along What Was Once a Beaten Buffalo Path Presidential Pageants Passed—A Picturesque Factor in the Republic's Early Life.

Washington correspondence:



THE NATIONAL PIKE.

If the automobilists and the good roads apostles have their way, America will have within the next ten years a great highway stretching from the water to the Mississippi, where it will divide, with one fork passing to the Pacific via Denver, and the other reaching the great western ocean by way of Montana and the Puget Sound region. Along the Atlantic coast it will stretch from Boston to Jacksonville. A bill with this end in view has been introduced in Congress by Representative Pierre of Maryland, the specific provision of which is for an appropriation to restore the monuments of the old Cumberland road and to reconstruct it.

The road for whose restoration Federal aid has been asked was known as the National Pike. Centuries before the daring ships of Raleigh or Smith touched the coast of the new world, before the Indians invaded America over the vanished land bridge at Bering straits, before the mound builders had left their yet undeveloped messages, countless herds of bison roamed the continent. In their migrations they were America's first roadmakers, and they did their work so well that a map of their trails and "traces" would be a duplicate of the great highway and railway systems of the present day.

The National Pike, or the Cumberland road, as it was popularly called, was first a buffalo trace worn deep across the Appalachians by the pounding hoofs of millions of bison. When the Indians came they followed this same trail in their hunting excursions and war expeditions, retreating over it to the west before the ever-advancing, relentless frontier of the white man. Over this path came the Anglo-Saxon hunter and trapper, followed finally and falteringly by the homemaker, until at last the tide of emigration, taking courage, poured in a deluge through the mountain passes to the land of promise.

To supply the trade demands of this growing western population in the early days, long trains of pack ponies picked their way to and fro over the old Cumberland trail from the Potomac to the headwaters of the Ohio, to be displaced as increasing commerce and traffic widened the trace into a road by the great Conestoga freight wagons and speeding mail coaches of the early days of the century, in turn to vanish when the steam railroad accomplished the supposedly impossible feat of climbing the mountains.

Every mile of the old Cumberland road is historic ground, consecrated by the bleeding feet of heroic nation builders. Over it tolled the young surveyor, Washington, nursing dreams of empire in his prophetic vision. Later, over the same route, tramped the scarlet-coated British grenadiers, led by the boisterous Braddock, whose grave is still green beside the deep trail cut by the ponderous army wagons of his ill-starred expedition. After the colonies had achieved their independence, the Braddock road was the pathway over which the veterans of the revolution plodded painfully to take up even a greater work in the settlement of Ohio, Kentucky and Indiana—Virginia's imperial gift to the infant republic.

Scattered along the old road at frequent intervals were the taverns, the nerve centers of the highway. Many of them were famous hostleries in their day, but their glory has long departed. Only a few remain, quaint and moss-covered monuments of the past. But the time that the life of the old highway throbbled in its greatest intensity was when a President or a President-elect passed in triumph procession over its dusty stretches. It was the gala day of the "pike boys." All the taverns and houses along the route were bedecked in the welcome, and cheering crowds from miles around thronged the stopping places and crossroads. The finest horses and the most gorgeous coach procurable were assigned to the task, and the proud position of "charioteer to the President" was given to the pick of the jehus on the line, who over afterward were marked and noted. Jackson, Van Buren, Monroe, Harrison, Polk and Tyler passed over portions of the old road in dignified Presidential pageant, like the triumphal processions of the Roman emperors.

Before the advent of the railroad, twenty speeding coaches in a single line was a familiar spectacle, and the caravan of huge freighters, each wagon containing 6,000 to 8,000 pounds, sometimes numbered close to 100.

Value of Steel Products. A census bulletin issued recently shows the total output of American steel and rolling mills in 1905 amounted in value to \$373,005,020. This is an increase of 13 per cent since 1900.

It pays to advertise in this paper.

## FRISCO RELIEF WORK.

Tremendous Consumption of Contributions in the Quake City.

Next to the spirit of the San Francisco people, their fortitude and cheerfulness, the most impressive thing is the response to their needs made by residents of other States and other countries, writes a correspondent. Gold actually by the ton, food and clothing by the hundreds of car loads, have been sent in. This is no indication at all that it has been overdone.

Simply to preserve the lives of the victims is now a matter of providing some 375,000 meals a day. For a time it was 900,000 meals daily. Then there is the clothing for this multitude wholly destitute through no fault of their own, the care of the sick and the necessity of helping the stricken to become self-supporting again.

Gold melts rapidly when applied to such a demand; a food laden train must be long and heavy to provide rations even for a day. By orders of the givers money is being disbursed through many channels. Fraternal societies and labor organizations, for instance, have sent large sums to branches in San Francisco for distribution to members. These amounts probably approximate \$1,000,000.

The government appropriation of \$2,500,000 has been disbursed through the War Department. The greater part of it was required to replace the army food and tents given to the refugees in the days of greatest stress. The benevolent express companies charged up \$300,000 against the federal appropriation.



RELIEF CHAIRMAN PHELAN.

tion for carrying in government relief supplies, but afterward agreed to take half that amount.

There is, however, a great central fund that contains the bulk of the money contributions. It is a consolidated fund that holds all the money consigned to the general relief committee, the Red Cross and the mayor, and a balance paid in by Governor Pardee.

This fund is under the charge of a committee of twenty of the most prominent business men in San Francisco. The chairman is former Mayor James D. Phelan, a millionaire of high ability, who enjoys great public confidence. The committee is installed in a part of a large school house in the unburned district.

An organization like that of an up-to-date railroad has been perfected. There is a room, divided by railings, for the general officers. In a corner of this room Chairman Phelan tolls like a hard-worked railroad president directing affairs. Other squares in the room are occupied by his chief assistants. As they are handling millions the men of this committee have a business concern that is bigger than an ordinary city bank.

In round numbers there has been paid into this consolidated fund \$3,500,000. Contributions actually made but not yet turned in exceed \$2,500,000. The latter may practically be counted as cash on hand and it can fairly be said that there has been placed at the disposal of the committee over \$6,000,000.

There are verbal promises of \$300,000, and money is constantly being received from contributors who send in their donations without making preliminary promises.

A contract has been made for 3,000,000 pounds of meat to be delivered as needed. Meat tickets issued to the refugees cost the fund 10 cents each. Tickets are not given to able-bodied men. The committee has agreed to pay \$7.50 each for the care of patients in the hospitals. Sanitary work, necessary to prevent a pestilence from sweeping over the refugee camps and the unburned section of the city, is a large item of expense.

The fund will be used in part in the form of small loans made to poor but deserving people who need only a small capital to place them on an independent basis.

Teaching Social Amenities. In the girls' technical high school at New York a practical course in hospitality or the entertainment of guests at dinners or receptions has been added to the course in housekeeping. Different classes already have given receptions to the wives of prominent city officials. As a feature of this work, the girls recently arranged a combined reception of all the classes, to be known as "appreciation day," as a mark of esteem for teachers and principals.

To Rebuild San Francisco Schools. A suggestion has been made to the Utah board of education to ask the 18,000,000 school children in the United States to contribute \$1,000,000 for the erection of fifteen school buildings in San Francisco. The national commissioner of education has been asked to set aside a national school day, when each pupil will be asked to contribute 5 or 10 cents for this purpose.

William Abbott, a St. Louis poolroom keeper, was arrested for killing an unknown man in a dispute over a dollar.

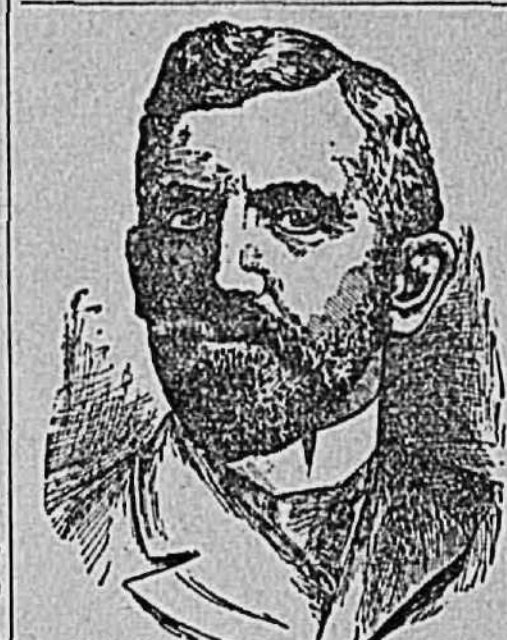
## OHIO GOVERNOR DIES.

PATTISON EXPIRES AFTER ILLNESS OF MANY MONTHS.

Passing of Democratic Official and Swearing In of Lieutenant Governor Harris Turns Over Control of State to Republicans.

Governor John M. Pattison, of Ohio, died at his country home at Milford, a short distance from Cincinnati, Monday afternoon from an illness which set in shortly after his election last November. With the administration of the oath of office as acting governor to Lieutenant Governor Andrew L. Harris, the politics of the State underwent a revolution as great as that of last fall, when Mr. Pattison was placed in the executive chair by a large majority, although the only Democrat on the ticket to win an office. Governor Pattison's death puts the Republicans fully in control of Ohio as if they gained a complete victory at the polls last November. Governor Pattison's illness raised many complications in State affairs.

End Hastened by Campaign. The death of Governor Pattison was due to a complication of chronic interstitial nephritis, familiarly known as Bright's disease, and uremia, according to the statement given out by his physician. It is said that the nature of the malady made his death only a matter of time, but the excitement of the campaign and the duties of his position are believed to have hastened the end. At the deathbed were gathered Mrs. Pattison, two daughters, Aletha and



JOHN M. PATTISON.

Ernestine; O. C. Williams, of Wyoming, a brother of Mrs. Pattison, and Francis Pattison, a nephew. Gradually the sick man became unconscious, and he expired without recognizing those about him.

On a beautiful hillside in Greenwald cemetery, near his home, the Governor's body was laid to rest at 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon.

Mr. Pattison, boy soldier, lawyer, State legislator, member of Congress and Governor of Ohio, was a native of Clermont County, Ohio, where he retained his home during his entire life. Born June 13, 1847, he enlisted as a volunteer in the United States army when only 10 years old, in 1857, and entered college immediately after being mustered out, graduating at the Ohio Wesleyan University in 1869. He was admitted to the bar in 1872 and elected to the lower house of the Ohio legislature in 1873. From 1874 to 1876 he was the attorney for the committee of safety at Cincinnati. He became a member of the Ohio Senate in 1890, and was elected to the Fifty-second Congress.

Andrew Lintner Harris, now acting governor, was born in Butler County, Ohio, Nov. 17, 1835. Although he took up the study and practice of law after an enviable war record, he has preferred the quiet of the farm and classes himself as a farmer. He was graduated at Miami University, Oxford, Ohio, with the class of 1860, and the following year entered the Union army, his first enlistment being in April, 1861. He was promoted through all the grades to and including brigadier general by brevet. He was admitted to the bar in 1865, and continued active practice until 1875, when he became probate judge of Preble County, serving until 1882. He served in both houses of the General Assembly. He was elected Lieutenant Governor both times that William McKinley was chosen Governor, and enjoyed the close friendship and confidence of that chief.

### Notes of Current Events.

By the capsizing of an overloaded excursion steamer at Riga, Russia, sixty-five persons were drowned.

A Russian resident of Tokio has received a letter from Maxim Gorky stating Gorky will shortly visit Japan.

Judge Eason at Coshocton, Ohio, overruled the motion for a new trial for Ben Dickerson, sentenced to be electrocuted for murdering Mrs. Catherine Hughes.

Garrett A. Hobart, only son of the late Vice President, and Miss Carolina Frye Briggs, granddaughter of Senator William H. Frye, were married at Auburn, Maine.

It is semi-officially announced that M. Fegault, who was one of the French delegates at the Algiers conference, will succeed St. Rene Taillander as French minister to Morocco and that M. Taillander will be promoted to one of the European legations.

Justice Gould at Washington granted the motion of District Attorney Baker for postponement of the trial of Congressman Ringer Hermann of Oregon, indicted for destroying public records while commissioner of the general office, until after the trial of the Hyde, Diamond and Benson cases.

## TONIC TREATMENT

Weak Stomach and Sick Headache Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

The symptoms of stomach trouble vary. Some victims have a ravenous appetite, others loathe the sight of food. Often there is a feeling as of weight on the chest, a full feeling in the throat. Sometimes the gas presses on the heart and leads the sufferer to think he has heart disease. Sick headache is a frequent and distressing symptom.

A weak stomach needs a digestive tonic and that there is no better tonic for this purpose than Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is shown by the statement of Mr. A. O. Merrill, a mining man, of Oneida, Calif., a veteran of Battalion O, Third U. S. Regular Infantry. "I had never been well since I left the army," he says, "always having had trouble with my stomach, which was weak. I was run down and debilitated. Could keep nothing on my stomach, and at times had sick headache so bad that I did not care whether I lived or died. My stomach refused to retain even liquid food and I almost despaired of getting well as I had tried so many kinds of medicine without relief. Then I was bitten by a rattlesnake and that laid me up from work entirely for a year, six months of which I spent in bed. One day a friend recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to me and I began taking them. They cured me when all other medicine had failed. I have recommended the pills to a great many, for during my recovery every one asked me what was helping me so and I told them Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I cannot speak too highly of them."

If you want good health you must have good blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood and restore shattered nerves. They are sold by all druggists or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50c. per box, six boxes for \$2.50 by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

### GREAT TUNNEL PLANNED.

Central Pacific to Pierce the Sierra Nevada Mountains.

"The boring of what will be the longest tunnel in the United States, and one of the longest in the world, has very recently been determined upon by the Central Pacific Railroad Company," says J. Mayne Baltimore in the Technical World Magazine.

"Chief Engineer William Hood has finished plans and reports for the proposed gigantic six-mile hole to be bored through the Sierra Nevada Mountains in California, a short distance west of the town of Truckee, Ariz.

The object of this great tunnel is to cut down the present mountain climb of 7,017 feet by fully 2,000 feet, and thus eliminate many of the present curves and much of the grade. Chief Engineer Hood's reports contain some modifications of his first series of surveys, made some years ago, and these will doubtless be approved by President Harriman; and work, it is expected, will very soon be commenced on this great tunnel.

"It is estimated that the tunnel will cost not less than \$10,000,000 and that among other things it will cheapen the annual expenses of operating trains over the mountain division by fully \$100,000. Being over 30,000 feet in length, the tunnel will be one of the longest in the world and certainly the longest in the United States. The longest now in existence on this continent is the 10,000-foot bore in the Cascade range in Washington, on the Great Northern Railroad."

Carl Schurz. No other man of foreign birth ever showed such fine command of the English language or used it so felicitously. A man who objected strongly to his politics but admired his talents as a writer once said: "I wish Mr. Schurz couldn't write so well; I could hate him better." In 1877 Carl Schurz visited Boston to make a speech against Benjamin F. Butler, who was running for Governor of Massachusetts. While arguing on the question of the resumption of specie payments, an issue that was paramount at that time, Mr. Schurz likened "inflation" to a balloon filled that had carried the American nation off its feet. At that time he made use of the following expression, which brought the immense audience that greeted him to its feet: "We have placed our feet on solid ground again and we propose to keep them there."

### KNOWS NOW.

Doctor Was Fooled by His Own Case for a Time.

It's easy to understand how ordinary people get fooled by coffee when doctors themselves sometimes forget the facts. A physician speaks of his own experience:

"I had used coffee for years and really did not exactly believe it was injuring me, although I had palpitation of the heart every day.

"Finally one day a severe and almost fatal attack of heart trouble frightened me and I gave up both tea and coffee, using Postum instead, and since that time I have had absolutely no heart palpitation except on one or two occasions when I tried a small quantity of coffee which caused severe irritation and proved to me I must let it alone.

"When we began using Postum it seemed weak—that was because we did not make it according to directions—but now we put a little bit of butter in the pot when boiling and allow the Postum to boil full 15 minutes, which gives it the proper rich flavor and the deep brown color.

"I have advised a great many of my friends and patients to leave off coffee and drink Postum; in fact, I daily give this advice." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Many thousands of physicians use Postum in place of tea and coffee, in their own homes and prescribe it to patients. "There's a reason."

A remarkable little book, "The Road to Wellville," can be found in pkgs.



# ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

## PREDICT BIG APPLE CROP.

Yield of 2,000,000 Bushels Expected in One Illinois County.

A 2,000,000 bushel apple crop will be produced by the orchards of Clay county this fall, according to what the orchardists are predicting, and the phenomenal yield of 1892, when 300,000 barrels of apples were exported from this county, will be eclipsed by the crop this year. Every orchard in this county has a set of fruit and the greater number of orchards have so many apples on the trees that it will not stand up under the weight after the apples have developed. All the varieties of apples are about equally fruited, but the orchards of this section are principally Ben Davis. The yield of Jonathan, Willow Twig and Winesap will be large. The acreage of producing orchards is greater this year than at any other time in the history of the apple crop of the country. After the large crop of 1892 thousands of acres of young orchards were set out and will produce their first crop this year. The number of acres of producing orchards in this county is about twice that of 1890. The orchard men think the crop will be larger than they can pick and ship and are already making arrangements to take care of the yield. That Clay county will produce the banner crop this year and place herself at the head of the apple-growing counties of the United States is the prediction that the apple men are candidly making.

## STATE OFFICIALS INVESTIGATE.

Packing Plants at East St. Louis Are Given Overhauling.

Dr. J. Egan, secretary of the Illinois board of health; Dr. R. E. Neidringhaus of Granite City, one of the members of the board, and Drs. A. A. McBrien and C. W. Little of the East St. Louis board of health have completed a two days' inspection of the East Side packing houses. Suggestions of needed improvements were made to the packers by the doctors as they went through the departments, and the faults, it is said, will be remedied at once. The physicians say they found the meats were handled in a cleanly fashion and that the government inspectors were doing their work carefully and well. Dr. Egan will go to Chicago and investigate the conditions which prevail in the packing houses there. Later a report will be issued. Two inspectors, who will have the power to condemn meats which they deem to be unfit for food, will be put to work in East St. Louis. They will work among the butchers and the grocers.

## MASON AND PARTY IN PERIL.

Launch Eleanor Caught in Squall Near Peoria.

Former Sen. for William E. Mason and a party of friends had a narrow escape from drowning near Peoria, when they were caught in a fierce squall in the motor boat Eleanor on the Illinois river. The boat heeled over, half filled with water and was prevented from capsizing only by the heroic efforts of the son of Mr. Mason. Several women in the party became hysterical. A crowd lined the river bank and cheered when the party finally reached shore, drenched and badly frightened. "That's the worst time I ever had," said Mr. Mason. In the party were Mr. Mason and his son, W. E. Mason, Jr.; Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Mason, J. W. Meeker, Jr., Miss Mason and Miss Strong. They are making the trip from Chicago to St. Louis.

## SEEKS SPOUSE IN OTHER WORLD.

Widow Commits Suicide a Week After Death of Husband.

Without the husband with whom she had passed many happy years, Mrs. Fred Krie had no wish to live, and she ended her life with carbolic acid. Mrs. Krie was the wife of a prosperous German of Waukegan, who died several days ago. Mrs. Krie purchased a barrel of acid, insisting that it should be a double one, and then, while her husband's body still lay in the house, bought two bottles of carbolic acid and with a revolver went to her room. Friends discovered her purpose and substituted water for the acid and took the cartridges from the weapon. Close watch was kept on the widow, but she eluded vigilance and committed suicide, after writing a note disposing of her property, and ending the missive with the words: "I cannot live without him, so I am going to die."

## HEAD OF ASYLUM RESIGNS.

Dr. Whitman Grows Tired of Burden at Elgin Hospital.

Dr. Frank S. Whitman, superintendent of the Illinois Northern hospital for the insane in Elgin, tendered his resignation to the board of trustees, requesting its acceptance to take effect July 1. The trustees wanted the doctor to reconsider, but he was firm in his request and accordingly the resignation was accepted. The institution is in a flourishing condition and as Gov. Deneen put it during his campaign speech here, "the Elgin institution is the finest in the State."

## BOY'S DEATH CLOSES SALOONS.

Youth Killed by Part of Gun and "Lip" in Put On.

The lid was on tight again in Carlyle Sunday, all the saloons being closed. The crusade originated during the meeting of the temperance Chautauqua a few days ago, and the death of Edwin Shaw, a 19-year-old boy, caused by drinking a quart of gin in a saloon, intensified the feeling. A week ago a committee from the W. C. T. U. notified saloonkeepers that they must obey the law and close on Sunday. Mayor Bacon upheld the mandate.

## Girl Killed in Decatur.

One fatality and much damage was the result of a severe wind and rain storm in Decatur. Goldie Cameron, aged 9 years, was instantly killed when she took hold of an electric light wire which was broken by a falling tree.

## IMPORTED QUAILS THRIVING.

Experiment in Central Illinois Proving Successful.

Game Warden August Ellsworth of Bloomington has made a report on the number of game licenses issued to hunters in Vermilion county during the fiscal year, which closed May 31. The total was 2,100, which, at \$1, netted \$2,100 for the treasury of the game department of the State. The number is twice as great as last year. Despite the large number of licenses issued, game was in fine condition, and is said to be more numerous than in many years. This is due to the strict enforcement of the game laws by the wardens and assistants. The conservation of southern quail which was shipped to that county and distributed among the farmers, is said to be thriving, and nearly all the birds are reported alive. The experiment of restocking the fields of central Illinois with game birds from the South appears to be a success.

## SENTENCED FOR ATTACK.

Galesburg Man Scored from Bench as Worse than Murderer.

Reuben Good was sentenced in Galesburg to twenty-five years in the penitentiary for brutal mistreatment of Lizzie Anderson, a girl placed in his family by the Illinois Home and Aid Society. Judge Thompson, in pronouncing sentence, scored Good unmercifully, declaring him to be worse than a murderer. Mrs. Good, who is under heavy bond as an accomplice, pleaded with the court to let her go to prison in her husband's place. The Anderson girl was in the hospital for some time in a precarious condition as the result of the attack.

## Sentenced for Promoting Lottery.

J. E. Miller of East St. Louis, attorney for the Keystone Commercial Company, a concern dealing in diamonds, was convicted in the United States District Court in Springfield of using the mails for a lottery scheme and Judge Humphrey sentenced him to ninety days' imprisonment in the Peoria house of correction.

## Hailstones Damage Window.

During a storm at Oquawka, hailstones as big as baseballs fell, breaking every plate glass window in town.

## All Over the State.

Mrs. Mary Oliver, aged 65 years, was killed in a runaway near Owaneco.

A jury has decided that Thad Querry of Decatur is not guilty of the murder of Adam Bowersock.

Edward C. Ruit, a Shelby county farmer, committed suicide by shooting himself in the breast with a shotgun.

James Sharkey, a prominent farmer of Hamilton township, was instantly killed by a bolt of lightning that came from a clear sky.

A man who committed suicide at Tacoma, Wash., was identified as W. M. Campbell Bensley, publisher of the Commonwealth magazine of Seattle, formerly of Peoria.

Mrs. R. C. Madden, her daughter, Mrs. Allen Dubbs, and Mrs. Madden, her mother, all of Mendota, who were attending the Notre Dame commencement exercises in South Bend, Ind., narrowly escaped death in a runaway.

Alexander Hutcheff, who was captured near Neesho, Mo., and brought to Carmi February last, charged with being implicated in the murder of a farmer, Wm. Jones, last summer, entered a plea of guilty and was given twenty years in the penitentiary.

John Cahill and brother, Cornelius, of Peru, have purchased the coal mines at Roanoke and Pekin from Timothy Duggan and Henry Duggan of Spring Valley, paying therefor in the neighborhood of \$100,000. These mines were part of the Charles J. Devlin coal properties.

Ellas Kenttee, convicted of attempted wife murder, pleaded in the VII county court in Joliet to be sent to the gallows. The court sentenced him to serve from one to fourteen years in the penitentiary. Kenttee then became greatly enraged and cursed the court and those about him. Kenttee stabbed his wife, to whom he had been married six months. She recovered, prosecuted him and is now suing for divorce.

Gov. Deneen has announced his military staff as follows: Colonels, B. A. Bekart, Chicago; John R. Thompson, Chicago; Ira C. Copley, Aurora, and Randolph Smith, Peoria. The following are appointed from the State guard, according to the provisions of the new law, and will be aide-de-camp, to serve without increase in pay or rank or being relieved from their present duties, except when on staff duty by order of the commander-in-chief: Captain Abel Davis, Company II, First infantry, Chicago; Captain Frank S. Dickson, adjutant Fourth infantry, Ramsey; Captain Daniel Morgan Smith, Company II, Seventh infantry, Chicago; Captain B. N. Clapfield, commissary, First cavalry, Canton; Captain John H. Leyman, Battery A, Danville; Lieut. Ogden P. McClurg, Naval Militia, Chicago.

As a confessed thief and firebug, Robert Angstrand is a prisoner in jail in Rockford. Before Chief Bargren he is said to have confessed setting fire to River-by, a beautiful summer cottage on Rock river, across from Harlem park. His object was to attract Attorney J. D. Goombel, owner of the cottage, to the fire that he might rob the palatial Goombel suburban residence on a nearby drive. The family failed to go to the fire, but watched it from windows while the department fought it. Thus the firebug's intentions were foiled. Angstrand, however, went to another nearby residence and slept in the haymow of a barn until later, when he returned to the Goombel residence, and, going through the house, it is alleged, stole jewelry, gems and cash amounting to \$500. Angstrand was arrested within a few hours while spending the money had extorted from several women friends on a scenic railway at a resort across the river.

## CHILD LABOR DECREASING.

Report of Factory Inspector Shows Improved Conditions.

State Factory Inspector Davies has completed his report for 1905 and forwarded it to Gov. Deneen. The feature of the report is the showing of the marked decrease in child labor, as a result of a strict enforcement of the new child labor law. For the whole year the department reports a total of 71,358 inspections, of which number 65,707 were for the purpose of enforcing the child labor law, 229 for enforcing safety appliances in the operation of metal polishing wheels and 5,322 were additional inspections of establishments in which the law was found to be habitually ignored. This amount of work represents 29,536 more inspections than were made in 1904 and 49,017 more than made by the department in 1901 under the former administration. The chief inspector reports a total of 769,352 persons employed in the State, of which number 592,550 were men, 105,038 women, 7,127 boys and 4,028 girls. In Chicago the total number of persons employed was 510,018, divided as follows: 339,340 men, 131,230 women, 5,347 boys and 4,035 girls. The total number of children under 18 employed in the State was 11,755, as compared with 12,411 in 1904. The report shows the steady decrease of child labor in the State during the last twelve years. Especially marked has been the decrease since the enactment of the new child labor law in 1903. In 1893 there was one child employed for every eleven adults. In 1902, the year before the new law went into effect, this ratio had been decreased to one child to every twenty-five adults. The operation of the new law as enforced by the department has resulted in thinning the number of child laborers to one for every sixty-five adults. The report goes on to show that in the entire State the department secured 1,001 convictions in prosecutions for violations of the factory laws. Of this number 709 were in Chicago and 292 in the State at large. With the exception of seven cases all the convictions were for violation of the child labor law.

## TAX LAW IS HELD VOID.

Attorney General Rules Exemption of Capital Stock Unconstitutional.

Attorney General Stead has handed down a decision declaring unconstitutional the Illinois revenue act amendment of 1905, exempting from taxation the capital stock of Illinois mercantile and manufacturing companies, coal mining corporations, printing offices, newspapers and corporations for improving and breeding live stock. The sections amended are 1, 3, 32 and 108 of the revenue act. The Attorney General holds that the act is unconstitutional on the ground that the only property the Legislature can exempt from taxation is that mentioned in section 3 of article 9 of the constitution, and that the capital stock of the corporations named in the act of 1905 is not there mentioned; therefore the Legislature cannot exempt it. The Attorney General also holds that the act of 1905 is in violation of section 1, article 9, of the constitution of the State, which provides for uniformity in taxation of all property. It has been held, he points out, by the Supreme Court that the capital stock of corporations for pecuniary profits is property and is subject to taxation. He holds the new law also is in conflict with section 6, article 9, of the constitution, which provides that the general assembly shall have no power to release or discharge any county, city, town, township or district or the inhabitants thereof, or the property therein from their or its proportionate tax. Under the new law the State board of equalization has been exempted from taxation the capital stock of all the corporations mentioned in the amendment of 1905.

## COURT EDICT PEDDLED.

Senatorial Charges Involving Attempt to Collect \$10,000.

The story behind the recent session of the Supreme Court finally is out. The court's action was taken on an attempt to collect \$10,000 from litigants in the Hudson case. It has been held that the decision would favor the litigant paying the money. The attempt included obtaining secretly the court's decision in advance and showing it to the litigants. Richard C. S. Reaugh, State's Attorney of Clay county, was ordered to show cause why he should not be disbarred for his part in the scandal. The charge against Reaugh is that he conspired with H. N. Bradford, claim agent for the Baltimore and Ohio southwestern railway, to obtain \$10,000 first from one side of the will case and then from the other, the plea that he and his friends in Springfield could influence the decision of the Supreme Court in the will case involving over \$100,000. As proof that he could keep his part of the agreement, Bradford showed to the lawyers of both sides a copy of the decision in a case long in advance of the time when it was to be handed down from the bench. It is believed one of the court clerks furnished the copy of the decision to Bradford. It was because the decision was thus made known that it was not delivered. Attorney General Stead filed the information against Reaugh. At the same time it was announced that action would be taken against Bradford. It developed, however, that Bradford had left the State and no trace of him could be found.

## Given Husband \$40 to Leave.

Because she was tired of her husband and liked Yosse Youngovich better, Mrs. Paul Radtsch of Peoria paid her husband \$40 to leave home. He took the money and left, but when he learned that Youngovich was abusing his children Radtsch complained. The parties concerned are all Hungarians, and the quarrel dates back thirty years ago, when the two men were in love with the girl who afterwards married Radtsch.

## FATAL EXPLOSION ON SHIP.

Internal Machine Suspected to Have Been the Cause.

Nine men were killed and about forty injured by a terrific explosion Thursday on the British steamer Havverford of the International Navigation Company. It is suspected that an internal machine was the cause, although a barrel of naphtha may have blown up.

The vessel, commanded by Captain Nielsen, arrived at Liverpool from Philadelphia, landed her passengers and proceeded to Hunkisson Dock to unload. The stevedores were loosening the hatches when suddenly a violent blast occurred. It blew off the hatches, rent the decks and hurled dead and wounded men in all directions.

The explosion, which was heard for many blocks, was followed by fire. The cargo, consisting of linseed oil casks in hold No. 2 and hold No. 3, soon was blazing fiercely. Firemen and police hurried to the spot and the injured were taken to a neighboring hospital. The fire soon assumed alarming proportions, owing to the inflammable nature of the cargo. After two hours' hard fighting, however, the firemen obtained the mastery of the flames.

The report that the explosion was caused by an internal machine arose from the finding of a wooden box a foot square in one of the holds. This box, which was only partly shattered, still contained pieces of steel machinery. It was prominently marked "For Manchester, England." The officials of the International Navigation Company say they believe the explosion was due to ignition of gas given off by naphtha soap, which formed part of the cargo. Outwardly little harm has been done to the vessel beyond the rents in the deck, but inside the damage is extensive.

## FLAG IS TO HAVE A NEW STAR.

Senate Acts on Admission of Oklahoma and Indian Territory.

The conference report on the statehood bill was adopted without revision by the Senate Wednesday, following a three hours' discussion, led by Senator Beveridge. Senator Money opposed the measure, calling the union of Oklahoma and Indian Territory an outrage. The question of admitting New Mexico and Arizona as a single State has gone over indefinitely, pending a vote of each territory.

The statehood bill provides that Oklahoma and Indian Territory will be united to form the forty-sixth State in the Union. When a constitution is adopted in State convention it must be ratified by the people, and thereafter the President will proclaim the admission to the union of the State of Oklahoma. The new State will come in with representation in Congress of five Representatives and two Senators. The capital will be at Guthrie until 1913, and thereafter at such place as shall be fixed by the legislature. Arizona and New Mexico will elect delegates to a constitutional convention Nov. 6. At the same time they will vote separately on the question of whether they desire to unite as the single State of Arizona. If there is a majority in each territory for a united statehood, the delegates elected to the constitutional convention will assemble, otherwise statehood will go over until another enabling act is passed.

## COST NOT ON PACKERS.

Committee Decides Government Will Foot Inspection Bill.

Rigid meat inspection at an annual cost to the government of \$2,000,000 is provided for in a substitute for the Beveridge amendment to the agricultural bill agreed to by the House committee on agriculture. Government labels guaranteeing that the products are healthful, clean and in every respect fit for food are required for interstate commerce and, in addition to this label, a certificate for foreign export. The substitute passed the committee by the close vote of 9 to 7 and a minority report favoring the amended Beveridge provision will be submitted.

## BURLINGTON IS FOUND GUILTY.

May Be Fined \$80,000 for Rebate to Kansas City Packers.

It took a Kansas City jury just thirty-five minutes to find the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company guilty of violating the Elkins law by granting a rebate to the Armour, Swift, Cudahy and Nelson meat packing companies. Each of the four packing companies named had already been found guilty of a similar violation of law. The two cases, taken together, uphold the government's contention that it is as wrong to grant rebates as it is to receive them. The Burlington was found guilty on four counts and a fine of from \$1,000 to \$20,000 on each count may be imposed. It will be possible thus for Judge McPherson to impose a total fine of \$80,000 on the company if he chooses. Sentence was deferred.

## Liquor Men Against Drunkenness.

The National Liquor Dealers' Association in convention at Louisville, Ky., issued an address to the people of the United States, in which the belief of its members in temperance is expressed, obedience to the law is indorsed, the work of temperance societies is commended and the statement made that intoxication should be considered a crime. The address concludes: "We believe that the saloon and cafe should be so conducted that men would not hesitate to visit them with their wives and children."



When a man goes out to buy a horse nowadays he has to take along with him about \$150 to \$200.

A good thing about the hog is that he may be able to utilize much of the waste of the farm and orchard.

The farmer who continually tries to cultivate a four-horse farm with three horses will always be one horse behind.

Don't be afraid to use the comb and brush. If you wish your horse to shed his coat, and come out sleek and glossy in spring.

The best dairy conditions cannot be obtained where wooden pails are used. The milk sinks into the pores of the wood and it is next to impossible to cleanse them properly.

A Southern farmer says that good results are obtained by feeding sunflower seeds to horses, hogs and other stock. The feeding of this requires judgment, as the seeds are very rich and should be mixed with bran.

In a day's ride all over the country one will see many up-to-date dwellings everywhere with the old pioneer house moved aside to be used as an out building. That is all right. No better use can be made of these old structures.

Everybody likes strawberries, but everybody does not grow them. In order that everybody may have all they want to eat somebody will have to grow them. Three hundred plants will make a good starter and will make a bed large enough to supply one family table.

The flocks of the world have diminished 93,000,000 head since 1873, or an average of more than 3,000,000 a year. A growing taste for mutton, tuberculosis in cattle, and trichina in pork are factors which, one writer contends, have caused this decline.

Cows that come through the winter very poor will require the greater part of the summer in getting ready to do good service. It never pays to starve a good milk cow. Her ration can be reduced and probably changed somewhat when dry, but should not be withdrawn entirely.

Few men stop to think how glad the small son is to go to town with the father. It is a good plan to take him to town occasionally. Many boys will be glad to get up in the seat and ride with the farmer to a neighbor's. Why not let him go along? To do the best by a boy a man needs to be a boy occasionally.

Of course the farmer shouldn't have cockleburrs on his place. Nevertheless they are sometimes found in the mares and tails of his horses. To remove them quickly and easily take a bucket of hot water and dip the horse's tail in it. This will soften the spines on the burrs, and then can be easily removed. Just as good as hot water is a light application of grease or any kind of machine oil.

An Arizona sheep-ranching company gives the following estimate of the cost of running 4,000 sheep: Taxes, \$224; wages, four men, \$1,680; living, four men, \$432; extra expense, lambing, \$350; shearing, 13 cents a head, \$520; loss, 5 per cent, and mutton killed, \$350; feed for span of horses and two saddle horses, \$204.53; sundries, \$300; 3,500 lambs, extra expense, \$300; depreciation in bucks, \$540. Total, \$5,690.58. This amount divided by 4,000 gives as the annual per capita expense, \$1.42.

It is barely possible that a stand of corn may be mathematically correct and not agriculturally perfect. An Iowa corn grower says: "A two-stalk hill now and then does not surely diminish the yield one-third, nor does a four-stalk hill surely spoil the yield of that hill. In fact some years a four-stalk hill will out yield a three-stalk hill. In some years the two-stalk hills will crowd the three-stalk hills." It is better to have stalks at every intersection. Two intersections with nothing and the next one six does not average in the right manner.

## Too Many Hens in a House.

The main idea in keeping a large number of fowls in one house is to care for them more easily, but there are always risks to run which cannot be avoided even by the most experienced and careful worker. All things considered, the plan of having one roof cover the poultry house, no matter how large, is advisable, but the matter of division is a thing to be seriously considered. In our own experience we like the scratching shed divisions better than anything else. This is worked out by building a roosting room, then a scratching shed, then another roosting room, another scratching shed, and so on to the end of the house. The idea is that each house has its own scratching shed, which is located between two roosting rooms except at one end.

Pointo Men Must Fall in Line. The recent bulletin of the Geneva (N. Y.) experiment station gives re-

sults of co-operative tests made by thirty growers which together show a net profit of \$10,000 from spraying. The average increase in yield from spraying was 62 1/2 bushels per acre, done at a cost of \$4.08 per acre. The cost for each spraying was 93 cents. The net profit per acre was \$24.85. These results are in line with those obtained with similar experiments in 1903. The spraying was found to lengthen time of growth by preventing late brack. Not only was the quantity greater, but it was found that the potatoes contained one-sixteenth more dry matter in the sprayed fields and one-ninth more starch, and as might be expected were more mealy and of better cooking quality. Spraying is almost a universal practice in the Aroostook region, it being declared that there is scarcely an acre in the whole section not regularly sprayed. Growers use the large power sprayers which treat four rows at once and do the work very quickly, making three to eight applications during the season, according to circumstances.

## Benefits of Thinning.

In spite of the fact that the thinning of growing fruit insures a better quality, encourages more even yields year after year, and prevents the overloading that often breaks down the trees, there are comparatively few farmers who make any attempt to cut off the unusual and unnecessary strain upon the strength and vitality of the tree. Men have become accustomed to relieving the weight on the limbs by propping from beneath, and while this method often prevents the breaking down of the tree, it does not foster the vitality which is so severely drawn upon that the yield for the coming year is virtually minimized.

Among the fruit growers the problem of thinning is becoming recognized for its merit. The thrifty horticulturist prefers a medium yield of fruit every year of superior quality rather than an enormous output every other year of ordinary quality. Experience has taught him that he can profitably destroy from 60 to 80 per cent of his fruit crop by thinning, inasmuch as he secures more desirable fruit, lessens his labor and in the end realizes more profit.

While we recognize the fact that the average farmer is not in a position to compete with the fruit specialist, still this is no evidence that he cannot shape his methods along the lines suggested by the successes of the other. Therefore we venture to assert that the farmer with a fruit tree promising to break under the overload can better afford to relieve it of a portion of its crop, rather than seek props to assist its over-production and subsequent deterioration.

## Government Land.

While land in the congested cities of the East is selling at fabulous prices a front foot and agricultural land in close proximity is far beyond the reach of the immigrant and citizen of small means, there yet remains in the hands of the government, open to acquisition under the general land laws, an acreage exceeding the total under private ownership by more than 45,000,000 acres, not including the national parks and reservations. The greater portion of this immense territory, seven times the size of Spain, lies west of the Mississippi river and is divided among twenty-five States and territories. By no means has all the desirable land been appropriated. Three million acres lie within regions abundantly watered by natural rainfall and many millions of acres hitherto arid land will in due time be brought to a high state of productivity under government and private irrigation projects. There are also many millions of acres of forest available under the timber laws and great tracts of grazing land awaiting the herder. All this is exclusive of Alaska with its 350,000,000 acres open to entry which have been overlooked, it being considered a cold and barren region. Large tracts there are favorable to agricultural pursuits as well as the mining industry, and with the development of the transportation facilities will furnish homes for a large farming population.

The right to homestead on the public domain is the greatest privilege of American citizenship. The right to homestead is co-existent with citizenship. Every citizen over twenty-one years of age; every immigrant who has declared his or her intention of becoming a citizen; every head of a family, male or female, even though under twenty-one, may locate a tract not to exceed 160 acres, and after five years' residence will receive absolute title thereto.

There are some restrictions to this general statement of homestead rights. A head of a family is anyone who has dependent on him or her any relative. Any one who has previously made a homestead, or perfected title to one, or who owns more than 160 acres of land in any State or territory of the Union is also debarred.—Indianapolis News.



## NEIGHBORING TOWNS.

### LAKE VILLA, ILL.

Miss Jane Addams, of Hull House, visited at the Allendale farm last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Atwell entertained friends from Nunda Monday.

Mrs. Hughes and Mrs. Douglass were Chicago visitors last Friday.

Mrs. Richardson, of Antioch, visited Mrs. Dicks the first of the week.

Belle and Frank Richards spent Sunday at Ernest Shephardson's.

Raymond Sherwood went to the city with a carload of stock the first of the week.

Misses Eva Richards and Lola Nelson, of Ingleside, were Lake Villa visitors last Saturday.

Mrs. Ernest Wald and daughter, of Grayslake, visited friends here Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Rowling spent Sunday in the city, where they went with Mr. Rowling's sister, who started for her home in the west.

The numerous friends of the Rev. and Mrs. Hay will be pleased to learn that they have a young son who came to gladden their home about two weeks ago.

A bus load of the ladies of the Aid Society went to Camp Lake on Wednesday, where they were entertained by Mrs. H. Westlake, formerly of this place.

The ladies of the M. E. church have started their Saturday cake sales, last Saturday being their first one for this summer on which they realized about \$50.

We are a dry town no longer, not because of a rain—but a Mr. Barry opened a saloon in the McMahon building last Saturday. A good rain would undoubtedly be more profitable to crops.

"Anything from the store today?" is the greeting of the housewife in the early morning hours as the busy order boy comes along taking orders which are speedily delivered by D. Sugar's new grocery boy.

The ladies of the Sand Lake Cemetery Society will meet with Mrs. James King, Wednesday afternoon, June 27. Visitors are cordially invited. Mrs. Fred Hucker, Secretary.

### GRAYSLAKE, ILL.

Grayslake is to have a big celebration July 4th.

Mrs. Melbury has been ill the past few days.

Mrs. E. B. Sherman will leave on Thursday for Piqua, Ohio, where she will spend a couple of weeks with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Higley and Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Higley were Chicago visitors on Sunday.

Mrs. Bixler's mother returned to her home in Wisconsin on Monday after spending a few weeks with her daughter here.

Mr. and Mrs. Tobey are soon to move to River View, where Mr. Tobey has a position. Mr. and Mrs. Albert Flary will occupy the Tobey residence.

Mr. Floyd Culver and family will move into their home here the first of the month. Mr. Riley, who is occupying Mr. Culver's house, is talking of moving his family to Libertyville.

Mr. and Mrs. Robinson left for Appleton and other Wisconsin cities on Saturday. They will return here July 3, and will leave for their new home in California the same day.

One of the biggest events ever given here in fraternal circles was that given on Wednesday evening by Serosis Chapter O. E. S., when they entertained all the chapters in the county, number five. Two candidates were initiated into the order, the work being beautifully done by the Waukegan chapter. After a short program a beautiful repast was served in the basement of the Congregational church, where about 235 partook of the good things and the occasion was a most enjoyable one.

### MILLBURN, ILL.

Warren Brown of Chicago is visiting his grandmother, Mrs. Wentworth.

Miss Ruby Cleveland returned home the latter part of the week.

The Childrens Day exercises which were held Sunday were a success.

Lester Mitchell of Waukegan is spending the summer with his grandmother, Mrs. Spafford.

Mr. C. B. Cummings and Miss Kittie Smith of Waukegan were Millburn callers last Wednesday.

Miss Mabel Bonner graduated from the Grunee High School Tuesday evening, June 19.

H. D. Hughes and family have moved into the house just vacated by Wm. McGuire.

Mrs. Geo. Gerrity, Mrs. H. E. Jamieson, Mrs. W. G. McGuire, Mrs. O. E. Dennan, Mrs. Elmer Cannon, Mrs. T. Vannalting, Mrs. Palmer and Mrs. Parks visited the R. N. A. Camp at Antioch last Tuesday.

Chronic bronchial troubles and summer coughs can be quickly relieved and cured by Foley's Honey and Tar. Sold by J. H. Swan.

### RUSSELL, ILL.

Mrs. Ormsby of Gurnee visited her daughter, Mrs. Dr. Young, a few days last week.

Miss Ruby Nellis spent Sunday and Monday in Chicago.

Next Sunday is Children's Day. All are invited to come.

Mrs. Warren Holland and Mrs. Biddelcomb called on Dr. Young's Friday.

Mrs. Alcock left Saturday night for Iowa where she expects to stay until September.

Miss Hughes from Wadsworth spent Sunday at H. F. Silvers.

Mrs. J. A. Reeves and Mrs. Melville have gone to Kenosha for a few weeks.

Miss Mollie Colby who has been attending High School at Wheaton has come home to spend her vacation.

Mr. Mellon of Libertyville visited relatives in and about Russell a few days last week.

### HICKORY, ILL.

Fred Achen spent Sunday at home.

Mrs. E. Mann entertained the pastor over Sunday.

Miss Josie Mann spent last week visiting friends at Antioch.

A number of the young people visited Zion Sunday.

Harvey Mann and C. L. Slocum spent Monday in Waukegan.

The C. I. society will give a musical entertainment and ice cream social at the church on Thursday evening, June 21. All are invited. Admission 20c.

### TREVOR, WIS.

Hiram Patrick transacted business in Kenosha Saturday.

Mr. Dalihen, of Chicago, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Dr. and Mrs. Ames, of Antioch, were calling on Trevor friends Monday.

Mrs. Will Garland and Mrs. Geo. Barhyte were Kenosha passengers Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Parks entertained friends from McHenry on Sunday.

Over eighty crates of strawberries were picked in Mr. Craig's garden on Monday.

Miss Miller entertained a lady friend from Chicago over Sunday.

Mrs. George Swan and children, of Topeka, Kas., are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Booth.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Drom, George Patrick and Miss Patrick attended the funeral of Miss Ames at Antioch on Friday.

### Ten Years in Bed.

R. A. Gray, J. P., Oakville, Ind., writes: "For ten years I was confined to my bed with disease of my kidneys. It was so severe that I could not move part of the time. I consulted the very best medical skill available, but could get no relief until Foley's Kidney Cure was recommended to me. It has been a Godsend to me." Sold by J. H. Swan.

### Church of Rushes.

The first place of worship in western Australia was unique in two respects—the materials of which it was built and also the several purposes to which it was devoted. This remarkable building was made at Perth by soldiers, shortly after their arrival in 1839, and was composed almost entirely of bulrushes. In addition to its use on Sundays for divine worship, it occasionally served as an amateur theater during the week and during the whole time as a barracks.

### The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deep-seated and so insidious. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles most always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sized bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

## Mother's Ear

A WORD IN MOTHER'S EAR! WHEN NURSING AN INFANT, AND IN THE MONTHS THAT COME BEFORE THAT TIME.

SCOTT'S EMULSION  
SUPPLIES THE EXTRA STRENGTH AND NUTRIMENT SO NECESSARY FOR THE HEALTH OF BOTH MOTHER AND CHILD.

Send for free sample.  
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,  
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.  
50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.

Unseated Member of Parliament.  
London, June 19.—As a result of a petition Thomas Charles Agnew-Robartes, oldest son of Viscount Clifden, member of parliament, has been unseated by the election court in consequence of illegal practices.

Lost in the Woods.  
Calumet, Mich., June 19.—Justice of the Peace Blythe, of Mass City, has been lost in the woods of Ontonagon county. A large number of searching parties have been scouring the woods along Fire Steel river.

Interesting to Asthma Sufferers.  
Daniel Bante of Ottumwa, Iowa, writes:

"I have had asthma for three or four years and have tried about all the cough and asthma cures in the market and have received treatment from physicians in New York and other cities, but got very little benefit until I tried Foley's Honey and Tar which gave me immediate relief and I have never been without it in my house. I sincerely recommend it to all." Sold by J. H. Swan.

Bury President's Uncle.  
Sayville, L. I., June 19.—The funeral service for the late Robert B. Roosevelt, uncle of the president, was held Monday at his summer home, Lotus Lake. Rev. J. H. Prescott, of St. Anne's Protestant Episcopal church, conducted the service.

You cannot induce a lower animal to eat heartily when not feeling well. A sick dog starves himself and gets well. The stomach, once overworked, must have rest the same as your feet or eyes. You don't have to starve to rest your stomach. Kodol For Dyspepsia takes up the work for your stomach, digests what you eat and gives it a rest. Put it back in condition again. You can't feel good with a disordered stomach. Try Kodol. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Government Clerk Dead.  
Washington, June 19.—Edwin Higgins, who, during President Johnson's administration was acting governor of Utah, died here Monday night, aged 62 years. Since 1885 he has been a government clerk here.

Warning.  
If you have kidney or bladder trouble and do not use Foley's Kidney Cure, you will only have yourself to blame for the results, as it positively cures all forms of kidney and bladder diseases. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Chancellor of University.  
Athens, Ga., June 19.—Prof. David Crenshaw Barrow was unanimously elected chancellor of the University of Georgia Monday at the meeting of the board of trustees, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late Walter B. Hill.

These sworn statements of the manufacturers protect you from opiates in Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar—the cough syrup that drives the cold out of your system. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Kills Hold-Up Man.  
Indiana, Pa., June 19.—Gulappa Castino was held up by three highwaymen near here Sunday. Instead of complying with the request for money Gulappa shot one of his assailants dead, badly wounded another and the third fled.

During the summer kidney irregularities are often caused by excessive drinking or being over heated. Attend to the kidneys at once by using Foley's Kidney Cure. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Man's Meanness.  
If a man is saying anything he shouldn't, and his wife gives him a little punch under the table, he takes it for an encore, and says it again.—Acheson Globe.

Constipation makes the cold drag along. Get it out of you. Take Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar cough syrup. Contains no opiates. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Soldier's Mad Act.  
A soldier stationed at Constantine, Algeria, who had stolen three belts from his comrades, threw himself over a 200-foot precipice to escape military punishment.

No good health unless the kidneys are sound. Foley's Kidney Cure will make the kidneys right. Sold by J. H. Swan.

The Voice of Envy.  
"That bride and groom made perfect spectacles of themselves on their wedding trip."  
"No wonder everybody saw through them."—Cleveland Leader.

On the first indication of kidney trouble, stop it by taking Foley's Kidney Cure. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Men Die Quickly.  
One sudden death occurs among women to eight among men.

## SPECIAL PRICES ON SEASONABLE GOODS FOR THE LAST OF JUNE AND FIRST OF JULY.

### GROCERIES.

23 lbs. Granulated Sugar for... \$1.00  
providing you take 2 lbs. of our 20c, 25c, 30c or 35c Coffee, or 2 lbs. of 35c, 40c, or 50c Tea.  
We are making this liberal offer to introduce our FINE TEAS and COFFEES to the trade.  
7 bars Galvanic Soap... 25c  
13 bars Calumet Family Soap... 25c  
5 bars American Family Soap... 25c  
3 packages Johnson's Wash Powder... 25c  
3 packages Gold Dust Wash Powder... 25c  
7 bars Wool Soap... 10c  
10 lbs. Sal Soda... 10c  
Walter Baker's Premium Chocolate, per lb... 25c  
Walter Baker's German Sweet Chocolate, per lb... 18c  
Walter Baker's Breakfast Cocoa, per lb... 35c  
3 packages T. East Food... 10c  
3 packages Magic Yeast... 10c  
Armour's Star Hams, per lb... 14c  
Armour's Pure Leaf Lard, per lb... 10c  
Armour's Fancy Bacon, per lb... 14c  
Armour's Star Dried Beef Sliced, per lb... 20c  
2 packages Ferry's or Rice's Garden Seeds... 05c  
Bulk Wrinkled Seed Peas, per quart... 10c

### SHOES.

\$4.00 W. L. Douglas Shoes... \$3.00  
\$3.50 W. L. Douglas Shoes... \$2.50  
\$3.00 W. L. Douglas Shoes... \$2.25  
\$2.20 W. L. Douglas Shoes... \$1.75  
We also offer special prices on Odd Pairs in Men's, Boy's and Children's Shoes. Prices are much below present wholesale cost.

### DRY GOODS.

Apron Gingham, per yard... 05c  
Light Shirting Prints, per yard... 05c  
Turkey Red Prints, per yard... 05c  
50c Stamp Pillow Covers... 25c  
25c Stamp Pillow Covers... 15c  
Mosquito Netting, per bolt of 8 yards... 39c  
3,000 yards Embroidery at special prices.

### MILLINERY.

All Walking and Tailored Hats, 1/2 off regular prices. Trimmings, 1/2 off regular prices.  
For the approaching WHITE SEASON we are complete outfitters. White Waists, White Suits, White Duck and Linen Skirts, White Parasols, White Oxfords, White Hosiery, White Gloves and Belts.

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BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE, AND DO A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

SEQUIT LODGE, No. 527, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communications the first and third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting Brethren always welcome.  
The Eastern Star meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month.  
GEO. BARTLETT, Sec'y.  
SOL. LAPLANT, M. W.

LOTUS CAMP No. 557, M. W. A. meets at 730 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting members always welcome.  
C. M. MANLEY, V. C.  
J. C. JAMES, Jr., Clerk.

### WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Antioch Station 58 Miles North of Chicago

### TIME CARD—ANTIOCH STATION.

GOING NORTH  
Lv. Chicago... 8:00 AM  
8:40 AM—Sunday Special... 10:00 AM  
8:50 AM—No. 6, Daily ex. Sunday 10:40 AM  
1:00 PM—No. 7, Daily ex. Sunday, 3:15 PM  
4:00 PM—No. 18, Daily... 6:30 PM  
5:00 PM—No. 9, Daily ex. Sunday, 6:30 PM

GOING SOUTH  
Lv. Antioch... 6:57 AM  
7:18 AM—No. 10, Daily ex. Sunday 8:45 AM  
7:38 AM—No. 14, Daily... 10:20 AM  
11:37 AM—No. 8, Daily ex. Sunday, 1:30 PM  
4:23 PM—No. 6, Daily ex. Sunday, 6:34 PM  
6:20 PM—Sunday Special... 8:40 PM  
9:49 PM—No. 2, Daily... 10:54 PM

Patrons can now board or leave the above trains at Halstead street, Chicago, instead of the Central station if so desired.  
GEO. KUHAUPT, Agent, Antioch.

### Death From Lockjaw.

never follows an injury dressed with Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Its antiseptic and healing properties prevent blood poisoning. Chas. Oswald, merchant, of Roselleville, N. Y., writes: "I cured Seth Burch, of this place, of the ugliest sore on his neck I ever saw." Cures Cuts, Wounds, Burns and sores 25c at J. H. Swan's.

### Husband and Wife Survivals.

When the wife dies first, the husband, on an average, survives nine years; while if the husband dies first, the wife survives 11 years, according to insurance statistics, states an English paper.

## Dragging Down Pains

are a symptom of the most serious trouble which can attack a woman, viz: falling of the womb. With this, generally, comes irregular and painful periods, weakening drains, backache, headache, nervousness, dizziness, irritability, tired feeling, etc. The cure is

## WINE OF Cardui

### The Female Regulator

that wonderful, curative, vegetable extract, which exerts such a marvelous, strengthening influence, on all female organs. Cardui relieves pain and regulates the menses. It is a sure and permanent cure for all female complaints.  
At all druggists and dealers in \$1.00 bottles.

### "I SUFFERED AWFUL PAIN

in my womb and ovaries," writes Mrs. Naomi Baker, of Webster Grove, Mo., "also in my right and left sides, and my menses were very painful and irregular. Since taking Cardui I feel like a new woman and do not suffer as I did. It is the best medicine I ever took."

## BIG HARNESS MEETING

JULY 4, 5, 6, 7, 1906

## Libertyville Trotting Association

New Mile Track, Libertyville, Ill.

Horses from nearly every State in the Union to compete for \$7,800.00 in purses, and the program throughout will be first-class.

Here is the place to spend your Fourth, as the free-for-all-pace, open to the world, one of the star events of the day, will alone be worth the price of admission, which is 50 cents for adults and 25 cents for children over 12.

COMFORTABLE SEATS.

GOOD MUSIC.

J. W. LUTTRELL, Pres.

J. S. GRIDLEY, Sec.

## ROBERT WILKES Hubbat Lee

36715

2:09 1/4

(By IDOL WILKES)

will make the season of 1906 as follows: At my barn in Antioch until May 12 inclusive, after that date at the same place on Mondays and Tuesdays of each week during the balance of the season.

TERMS—\$20.00 To Insure.

H. HERMAN,

ANTIOCH,

ILLINOIS

## KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH Dr. King's New Discovery  
FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS and COLDS  
Price 50c & \$1.00 Free Trial.  
Surest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.

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ADDRESS—Antioch R. F. D. No. 2.

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..DENTIST..

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### Eye on His Cash.

Old Millions—O my dear Miss Youngthing, if you'd only marry me, I would die happy.  
Miss Youngthing—Yes, but would you die immediately?—Boston Transcript.

### An Alarming Situation.

frequently results from neglect of clogged bowels and torpid liver, until constipation becomes chronic. This condition is unknown to those who use Dr. King's New Life Pills; the best and gentlest regulators of Stomach and Bowels. Guaranteed by J. H. Swan. Price 25c.

by HUBBUT 24567, by Onward, dam Velvet Lee, by Robert Lee, 15302, son of Alcantara 729, and Meg Merrilles, dam of 3, by Electioneer 125, second dam Velvet, dam of 2, by Volunteer 55, third dam Miss Nodine, daughter of Hammond and Will Star, dam of Artillery 21242, sire of 12 in 2:30.

Hubbat Lee is a handsome seal brown stallion, stands 15 1/2 hands high and weighs 1100 pounds; foaled 1902. Bred by George F. Swartz, Freeport, Ill. Individually he is a horse of grand finish and plenty of substance, with a fine disposition short back, but a stout body, good head and neck, with the best of feet and legs. His blood lines are of the best, as will be seen by his tabulated pedigree—the most popular and prolific producing combination in trotting blood lines, the kind that get the money on the race course. That he will beget speed and grand road qualities there is no doubt, as he not only inherits but possesses these qualities in a marked degree. His dam Velvet Lee is a comparatively young mare and is phenomenally fast. She was taken sick and has never been handled since.

He will stand at Roecrans, Ill., at \$15 to insure. Will not be responsible for accidents or escapes but best of care will be taken of mares sent to me.

For further particulars address

L. J. SLOCUM, RUSSELL, ILLINOIS.

## Sour Stomach

No appetite, loss of strength, nervousness, headache, constipation, bad breath, general debility, sour risings, and catarrh of the stomach are all due to indigestion. Kodol cures indigestion. This new discovery represents the natural juices of digestion as they exist in a healthy stomach, combined with the greatest known tonic and reconstructive properties. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure does not only cure indigestion and dyspepsia, but this famous remedy cures all stomach troubles by cleansing, purifying, sweetening and strengthening the mucous membranes lining the stomach.

Kodol Digests What You Eat.  
Bottles only, \$1.00 Size holding 2 1/2 times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.

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